



# Financial Report for FY2022.3 (April 2021 – March 2022)

April 26, 2022 Osaka Gas Co., Ltd.





## Index

### I. Review of Major Activities in FY2022.3

- Major Activities for the Co-creation of Value for a Sustainable Future in 2H FY2022.3
- ROIC-Focused Growth Strategy
- Growth of the Osaka Gas Chemicals Group

### II. Summary of Business Results for FY2022.3 and Forecasts for FY2023.3

- Summary of Business Results for FY2022.3 and 7
  Forecasts for FY2023.3
- YoY Comparison of Results
- Comparison between Forecasts (Jan. 31 2022) and Results
- Comparison between FY2022.3 Results and FY2023.3 10
   Forecasts
- Results and Forecasts for Investment for Growth
   11

### III. Business Results for FY2022.3

YoY Comparison of Results	-	13-17
<ul> <li>FY2022.3 Segment Results</li> </ul>	-	18-20
Comparison between Forecasts (Jan. 31 2022) and	-	21-22
Results		

### IV. Forecasts for FY2023.3

<ul> <li>YoY Comparison of Forecasts</li> </ul>	-	24-28
<ul> <li>FY2023.3 Segment Forecasts</li> </ul>	-	29-31
<ul> <li>Sales Volume &amp; Profit Sensitivity to External</li> </ul>	-	32
Factors for FY2023.3		
<ul> <li>(Reference)Topics in 4th Quarter of FY2022.3</li> </ul>	-	33

#### Management information is available on Osaka Gas websites.

Financial reports, **integrated reports**, **fact books and** road show materials can be accessed and downloaded at the following URL. <u>https://www.osakagas.co.jp/en/ir/</u> **Disclaimer** 

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Certain statements contained herein are forward-looking statements, strategies, and plans, which reflect our judgment based on the information so far available. Actual results may differ materially from those discussed in such statements. Among the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially are: economic trends in Japan, sharp fluctuations in exchange rates and crude oil prices, and extraordinary weather conditions. The forecast for FY23.3 is based on the forecast announced on March 10, 2022 and does not reflect the impact of OGUSA's deferred tax assets and income taxes - deferred (gain) recorded at the end of FY22.3, which was announced on April 18, 2022.

#### Note regarding gas sales volume

All gas sales volumes are indicated based on the standard heating value at 45 MJ/m3.

#### Note regarding consolidated gas sales volume

The fiscal year of Nabari Kintetsu Gas, Toyooka Energy, and Shingu Gas ends on December 31.



# I. Review of Major Activities in FY2022.3



Gas

# Major Activities for the Co-creation of Value for a Sustainable Future in 2H FY2022.3

Expanded activities for the co-creation of value for a sustainable future under the Medium-Term Management Plan.

### Low carbon/carbon neutral society

- Began joint demonstration with INPEX CORPORATION for the commercialization of one of the world's largest methanation operations
- Wide-area expansion, such as supplying natural gas to the Mishima Mill of Daio Paper Corporation and the Iwakuni Plant of Toyobo Co., Ltd.
  - Participation in the City Gas Business in India
- **Electricity** Decided to issue transition bonds
  - and Increase in renewable capacity both in Japan and overseas (renewables development contribution: approx. 1.4GW, up approx. 0.35 GW from FY21.3, target for the FY24.3: 2.5 GW)

Wind	<ul> <li>Started assessment of Karatsu City, Saga Pref. (offshore)</li> <li>Started assessment of Aomori Pref. south of Japan Sea (offshore)</li> </ul>
Solar	<ul> <li>Business Partnership with Hamacast Co., Ltd., and Yamazen Corporation about D-Solar</li> <li>Alliances for joint development and ownership with Sky Solar Japan Co., Ltd.</li> <li>Participation of rooftop solar power generation business in Vietnam</li> <li>Investment in a small to medium-sized solar power plant developed by Takara Leben Group</li> </ul>
Biomass	Agreement with Green Power Fuel Corporation and Shiso City in Hyogo Pref. for utilization of fast growing trees
Other	<ul> <li>Started supplying renewable energy electricity to JR Kyushu's railway stations (Kyushu Railway Company)</li> <li>Investment in JEDLIX B.V and participation in Electricity balancing services business in Europe</li> </ul>

### Lifestyles and businesses adjusted to the new normal

- Entered into the fixed-line telecommunications business and launch of "Sasuga Net" services
- Launched "Sumai LINK," a home services platform to provide an optimal individual customer experience

### **Resilience of customers and society**

• Joint research with Kyoto University on medium- to long-term weather forecasts

## **ROIC-Focused Growth Strategy**



- Instill ROIC management by promoting understanding of business units<sup>\*1</sup> and fostering awareness of ROIC improvement.
- Implement asset sales and investments with an awareness of ROIC and initiatives to improve asset efficiency. ~
  - \*1 Business management units that formulate and execute business strategies, and the businesses of our group are organized into seven business units

### **ROIC-focused management throughout the Group**



- Organize and clarify roles of business units and group headquarters Business Units: Enhance business value through independent growth Group Head Office: Enhance corporate value through optimal investment allocation and risk management
- Promote understanding and raise awareness of ROIC throughout the Group by disseminating messages from management members and publishing articles in the in-house newsletters
- Set a ROIC target as a performance indicator of individual business units to foster awareness of ROIC improvement

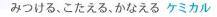
## Initiatives to improve ROIC and achievements in FY2022.3

Ordinary Profit ROIC [Billions yen] ~7% 200 \***2** 4.5% 4.8% 150 100 115.0 110.4 50 FY22.3 FY23.3 FY24.3 FY31.3 Plan Plan Plan \*2 ROIC result for FY22.3 excludes the impact of OGUSA's

reporting of ¥42.6 billion in income taxes - deferred (gain)..

Promoting autonomous asset sales by business units	<ul> <li>Promoted sales of overseas assets that have comporing projects with expiring PPAs<sup>*3</sup>)</li> <li>Continued sales of stocks of cross-shareholding (9 of reviewing the significance of holding for each stoce)</li> </ul>	stocks sold in FY22.3) appropriately based on a result		
Investing with ROIC target in mind	<ul> <li>Renewables in the Domestic Energy Business: Maximized investment efficiency through share-out to strategic partners, securing off-take more than investment, and devising financing schemes</li> <li>Renewables in the International Energy Business: Promoted development, improved investment efficiency and reduced development risks through strategic alliances with multiple partners</li> <li>Reduced business risks and improved asset efficiency by utilizing leases in industrial energy services</li> </ul>			
Improving asset efficiency	Considered securitization of real estate and other assets held by our group companies			
Domestic Energy International International Internation	*3 Power Purchase Agreement			

# Growth of the Osaka Gas Chemicals Group (Life & Business Solutions)



- Continuing to grow through high-performance materials development and M&A, achieving record-high profits for 3 consecutive years.
- Aiming for further growth by expanding existing businesses and launching new businesses through technological development.

### Growth to date since establishment

Developed materials and processed products with superior properties, starting with coal tar, a by-product of coal gas

#### 1931 Establishment of the company Chem

Japan Envrio Chemicals Ltd. became a subsidiary

### 2014 Jacobi Carbons AB became a subsidiary (Together with Osaka Gas Chemicals, No.2 share of the activated carbon market in the world)

### 2015

Mizusawa Chemical Industries became a subsidiary (No.1 share of the activated clay market in Japan)

### FY20.3-FY22.3 Record-high profits for 3 consecutive years

# **Initiatives for Further Growth**

## Growth and expansion of existing businesses

- Boost production capacity for activated carbon, whose demand is expected to increase at around 5% per year, to further expand the business through Jacobi 's global sales network
- Develop fine materials for diverse needs and applications, such as optical, display and semiconductor devices, whose markets are expanding

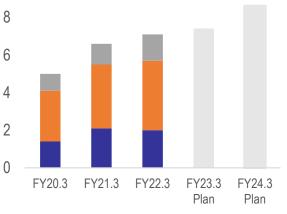
### New business through technological development

 Currently conducting R&D on over 20 research themes, aiming at early commercialization (products for antibacterial and antiviral products, supplements, health foods, etc.)

## Growth through M&A

### [Trends in Operating Profit\*]





■ Osaka Gas Chemicals ■ Jacobi Carbon AB ■ Others



# II. Summary of Business Results for FY2022.3 and Forecasts for FY2023.3



# Summary of Business Results for FY2022.3 and Forecasts for FY2023.3



7

- ✓ Ordinary profit for FY22.3 decreased mainly due to the time-lag loss caused by the impact of crude oil price hikes.
- ✓ However, ordinary profit excluding the time-lag effect increased mainly due to increased profit from the International Energy business and the Life & Business Solutions business.
- Profit attributable to owners of parent increased mainly due to recording of deferred tax assets and income taxes deferred (gain) in OGUSA.

		FY21.3	FY22.3	Difference
FY22.3	Ordinary profit	127.7 billion yen	110.4 billion yen	-17.2 billion yen
Results	Ordinary profit excluding time-lag effect	126.0 billion yen	172.7 billion yen	+46.7 billion yen
	Profit attributable to owners of parent	80.8 billion yen	128.2 billion yen	+47.3 billion yen

✓ FY23.3 ordinary profit is expected to increase due to the time-lag effect's significant shift to the positive side from FY22.3 level.

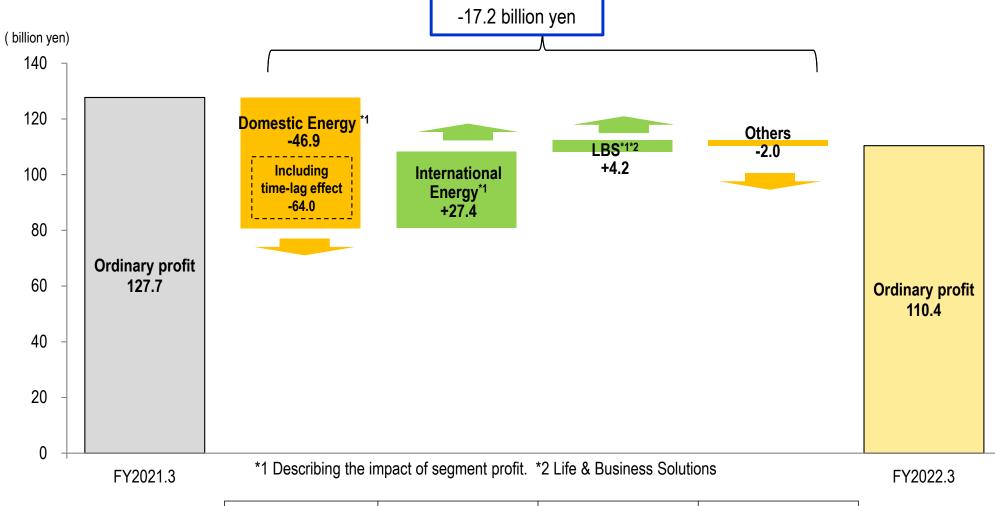
✓ On the other hand, ordinary profit excluding the time-lag effect is expected to be lower in FY23.3 than in the previous year due to the absence of the temporary profit-increasing factors we had in FY22.3 and the fact that the FY23.3 forecast includes costs and other items anticipated in light of the current price surge for raw materials and fuels and the tight supply-demand situation.

		FY22.3	FY23.3 forecasts	Difference
EV22 2	Ordinary profit	110.4 billion yen	115.0 billion yen	+4.5 billion yen
Fizs.s	FY23.3         Ordinary profit           Forecasts         Ordinary profit	172.7 billion yen	111.9 billion yen	-60.8 billion yen
	Profit attributable to owners of parent	128.2 billion yen	82.0 billion yen	-46.2 billion yen

### Breakdown of Change in Ordinary Profit YoY Comparison of Results



 Ordinary profit decreased by ¥17.2 billion from the previous year to ¥110.4 billion, mainly due to decreased income from the Domestic Energy business affected by the negative time-lag effect, while the International Energy business increased in profit from Freeport LNG and Sabine Oil & Gas.

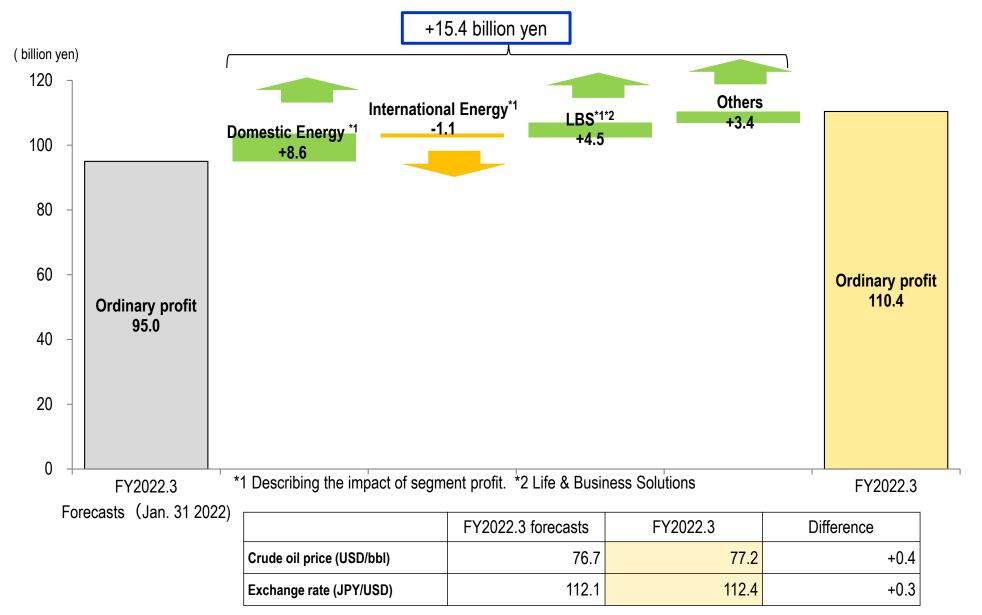


	FY2021.3	FY2022.3	Difference
Crude oil price (USD/bbl)	43.4	77.2	+33.8
Exchange rate (JPY/USD)	106.1	112.4	+6.3

### Breakdown of Change in Ordinary Profit Comparison between Forecasts (Jan. 31 2022) and Results



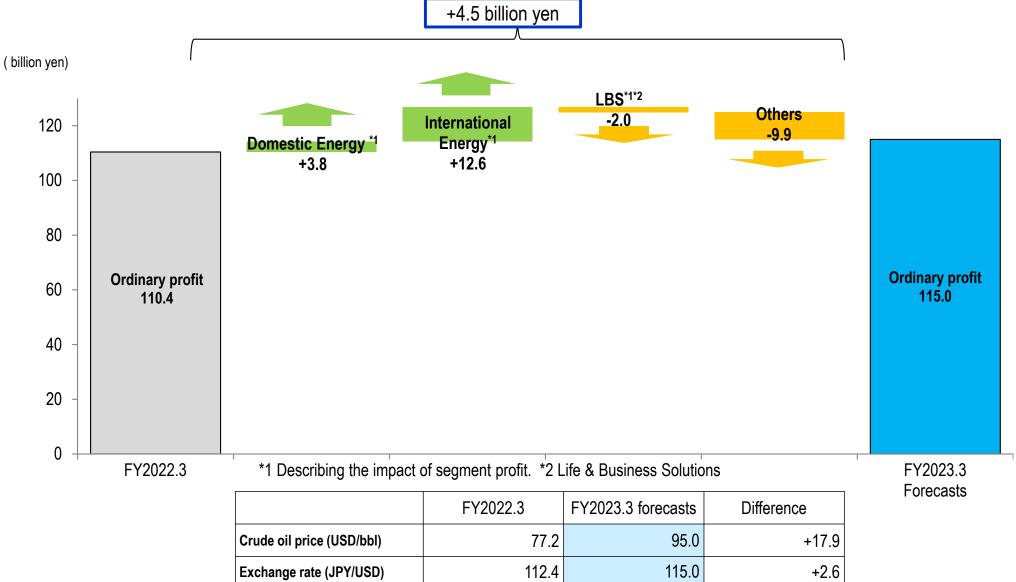
Increase of ¥15.4 billion from the forecast announced in January 2022 mainly due to increase in the Domestic Energy business resulting from higher residential gas sales volume in winter and increase in Life & Business Solutions business.



### Breakdown of Change in Ordinary Profit Comparison between FY2022.3 Results and FY2023.3 Forecasts



Ordinary profit for FY2023.3 is expected ¥115.0 billion, an increase of ¥4.5 billion from the previous year, mainly due to increased profits from the International Energy business such as upstream businesses in North America and Australia.

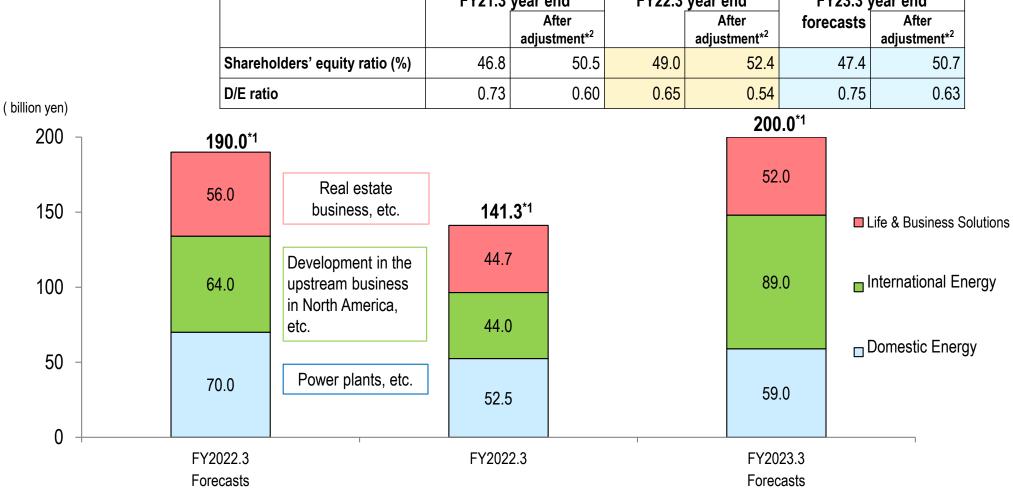


# Results and Forecasts for Investment for Growth



- In FY22.3, we invested ¥141.3 billion for business growth in power plants in the Domestic Energy business, upstream business development in North America in the International Energy business, and real estate business in the Life & Business Solutions business, etc.
- The financial soundness indicators were maintained at the target levels: around 50% in shareholders' equity ratio and around 0.7 in D/E ratio.

   FY21.3 year end
   FY22.3 year end
   FY23.3 year end



\*1 Amounts of investment include both capital expenditure items and investment-and-loan items, and therefore the amounts of investment are different from actual amounts of capital expenditures. \*2 Calculated with 50% of issued hybrid bonds as equity. Total ¥175 billion (Dec. 2019 ¥100 billion, Sep. 2020 ¥75 billion).

It does not mean that shareholders will be diluted



# **III. Business Results for FY2022.3**



# YoY Comparison of Results 1. Net Sales and Profit



billion yen	A. FY22.3	B. FY21.3	A-B	(A-B)/B	Remarks
Net sales	1,586.8	1,364.1	+222.7	+16.3%	Increased due to a rise in LNG prices and increase in the unit selling prices, etc.
Operating Profit	94.9	112.4	-17.5	-15.6%	
Ordinary profit	110.4	127.7	-17.2	-13.5%	Negative time-lag effect, etc.
Time-lag effect (Gas and Electricity) *1	-62.3	1.6	-64.0	-	
Ordinary profit excluding time-lag effect	172.7	126.0	+46.7	+37.1%	
Profit attributable to owners of parent	128.2	80.8	+47.3	+58.6%	Income taxes - deferred (gain) in OGUSA, etc.
Earnings per share (EPS) (yen)	308.5	194.5	+114.0	+58.6%	
EBITDA*2	216.6	227.5	-10.9	-4.8%	
NOPAT <sup>*3</sup>	136.5	111.5	+24.9	+22.4%	Affected by income taxes - deferred (gain), etc.

\*1 Included in Domestic Energy.

\*2 EBITDA = Operating profit + share of profit/loss of entities accounted for using equity method + depreciation (including amortization of goodwill)

\*3 NOPAT = Ordinary profit + Financial expenses (Interest expenses - Interest income) - Income taxes

		A. FY22.3	B. FY21.3	A-B	Remarks
Crude oil price	USD/bbl	77.2	43.4	+33.8	A:Average of preliminary monthly data up to March 2022
Exchange rate	JPY/USD	112.4	106.1	+6.3	

# YoY Comparison of Results 2. Asset, Equity, and Debt



billion yen	A. FY22.3 year end	B. FY21.3 year end	A-B	Remarks
Total assets	2,569.8	2,313.3	+256.4	Progress made in the investment for business growth, etc.
Shareholders' equity	1,259.6	1,081.8	+177.7	
Book value per share (BPS)(yen)	3,030.6	2,602.2	428.5	
Interest-bearing debts	815.0	785.3	+29.6	Bond issuance, etc.
Hybrid bonds	175.0	175.0	±0	

		A. FY22.3	B. FY21.3	A-B	Remarks
ROIC		7.0%	6.2%	+0.8%	
	Reference ROIC*1	4.8%	-	-	
ROE		11.0%	7.8%	+3.2%	

\*1 Reference value excluding the effect of income taxes - deferred (gain), as a temporary profit-increasing factor

	A. FY22.3 year end	B. FY21.3 year end	A-B	Remarks
Shareholders' equity ratio	49.0%	46.8%	+2.3%	
After adjustment*2	52.4%	50.5%	+1.9%	
Debt/Equity ratio	0.65	0.73	-0.08	
After adjustment* <sup>2</sup>	0.54	0.60	-0.06	

\*2 Calculated with 50% of issued hybrid bonds as equity. It does not mean that shareholders will be diluted.

# YoY Comparison of Results

## 3. Investment and Cash Flow



billion yen		A. FY22.3	B. FY21.3	A-B	Remarks
Investment fo	or quality improvement	67.9	68.8	-0.9	
Investment fo	or growth	141.3	152.5	-11.1	
Domestic I	Energy	52.5	80.7	-28.2	
Internation	al Energy	44.0	32.6	+11.4	
Life & Busi	iness Solutions	44.7	39.0	+5.6	
Capital exper	nditures	189.3	189.4	-0.1	
Depreciation		108.9	101.4	+7.4	

billion yen	A. FY22.3	B. FY21.3	A-B	Remarks
Cash flows from operating activities	145.3	219.7	-74.4	
Cash flows from investing activities	152.1	198.3	-46.1	
Free cash flow <sup>*1</sup>	-6.8	21.4	-28.2	

\*1 Free cash flow = Cash flows from operating activities - Cash flows from investing activities

# YoY Comparison of Results

## 4. Customer Accounts and Sales Volume



	A. FY22.3 year end	B. FY21.3 year end	A-B	(A-B)/B	Remarks
Number of customer accounts (thousands)	9,812	9,401	+411	+4.4%	
	A. FY22.3	B. FY21.3	A-B	(A-B)/B	Remarks
Consolidated gas sales volume (million m <sup>3</sup> )	7,096	7,157	-61	-0.9%	
(Non-consolidated) Gas sales volume	7,062	7,121	-59	-0.8%	
Residential	1,814	1,862	-49	-2.6%	Decreased in the number of effective gas meters, etc.
Monthly gas sales volume per household (m3 / month)	31.8	31.6	+0.2	+0.5%	
Non-residential	5,248	5,259	-11	-0.2%	
Electricity sales volume (GWh) *1	16,760	16,133	+627	+3.9%	
Residential	6,189	5,721	+468	+8.2%	
Non-residential	10,571	10,412	+159	+1.5%	
(Non-consolidated) Number of units for gas supply	4,915	5,031	-115	-2.3%	
Number of low-voltage electricity supply	1,613	1,510	+103	+6.8%	

\* 1 From FY2022.3 electricity sales reflects the estimated usage amount for the period between the last meter reading day in the account closing month and the account closing date, as the revenue for electricity sales is estimated and recorded based on the Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition. Electricity sales volume for the FY2021.3 is based on monthly meter readings.

	A. FY22.3	B. FY21.3	A-B	Remarks
Average temperature (°C)	17.2	17.6	-0.4	

# YoY Comparison of Results

## 5. Segment Sales and Profit



billion yen	A. FY22.3	B. FY21.3	A-B	(A-B)/B	Remarks
Net Sales <sup>*1</sup>	1,586.8	1,364.1	+222.7	+16.3%	
Domestic Energy	1,336.1	1,158.3	+177.7	+15.3%	Increased due to a rise in LNG prices and in the unit selling prices, etc.
International Energy	80.7	44.2	+36.4	+82.4%	Increased in sales from business in North America (Sabine, Freeport, etc.) and from upstream business in Australia, etc.
Life & Business Solutions	237.0	216.5	+20.5	+9.5%	Increased in sales from materials solutions business and information solutions business, etc.
Adjustments	-67.0	-55.1	-11.9	-	
Segment profit <sup>*1*2</sup>	107.7	126.1	-18.3	-14.6%	
Domestic Energy	38.6	85.5	-46.9	-54.8%	Negative time-lag effects, etc.
Electricity <sup>*3</sup>	14.0	14.8	-0.7	-5.1%	
International Energy	44.3	16.8	+27.4	+162.5%	Increased in profit from business in North America (Freeport, Sabine, etc.) and upstream business in Australia, etc.
Life & Business Solutions	23.5	19.2	+4.2	+21.9%	Increased in profit from information solutions business, etc.
Adjustments	1.2	4.3	-3.1	-	
Profit/Loss on time-lag effect (Gas and Electricity) <sup>*4</sup>	-62.3	1.6	-64.0	-	
Profit/Loss on market value of derivative <sup>*5</sup>	-1.5	-7.0	+5.4	-	

\*1 From FY22.3, "Domestic Energy / Gas" and "Domestic Energy / Electricity" are integrated into the "Domestic Energy". Osaka Gas International Transport Inc. and its subsidiaries are transferred "Domestic Energy" from "International Energy". Osaka Gas' operating expenses for International Energy business, which was previously included in "Domestic Energy / Gas" are transferred into "International Energy." Results For FY2021.3 this page are calculated with consideration of the reclassification.

\*2 Segment profit = Operating profit(loss) + Share of profit(loss) of entities accounted for using equity method

\*3 It is a simple total of the profit in Osaka Gas Co., Ltd.'s incidental electricity business and profits of its affiliated companies involved in electricity business, which is different from the profit in the Domestic Energy / Electricity, which we used as a segment name before.

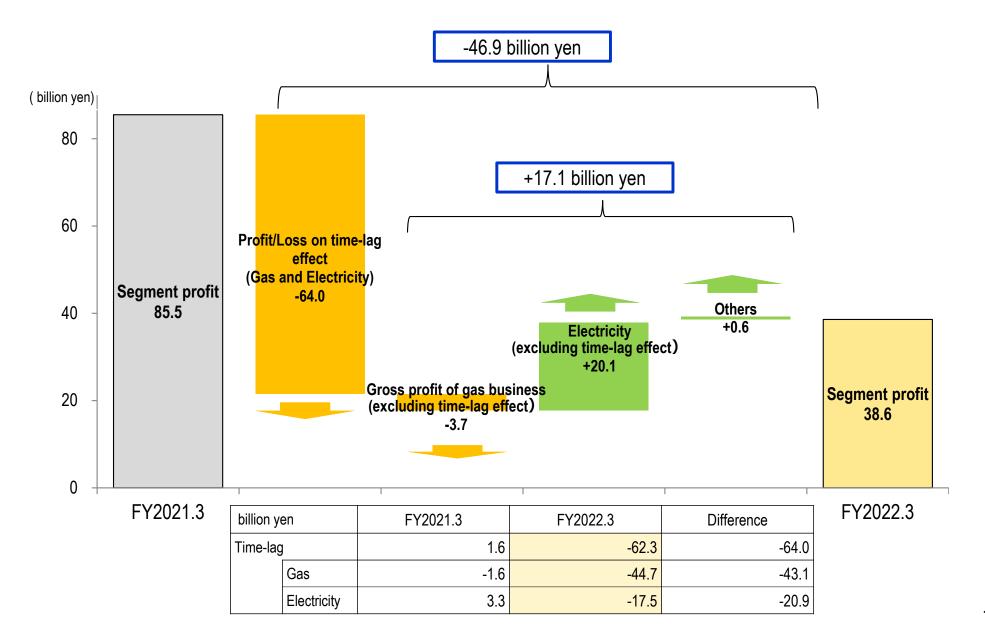
\*4 Included in the Domestic Energy.

\*5 Included in the International Energy.

# FY2022.3 Segment Results 1. Domestic Energy (Gas and Electricity)



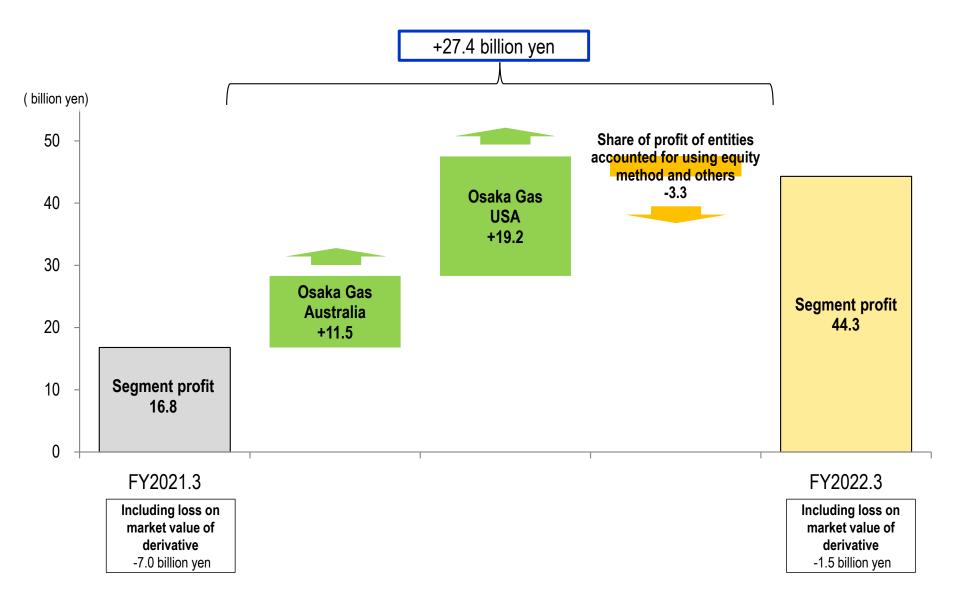
✓ Domestic Energy segment profit decreased by ¥46.9 billion to ¥38.6 billion mainly due to the negative time-lag effect.



# FY2022.3 Segment Results 2. International Energy



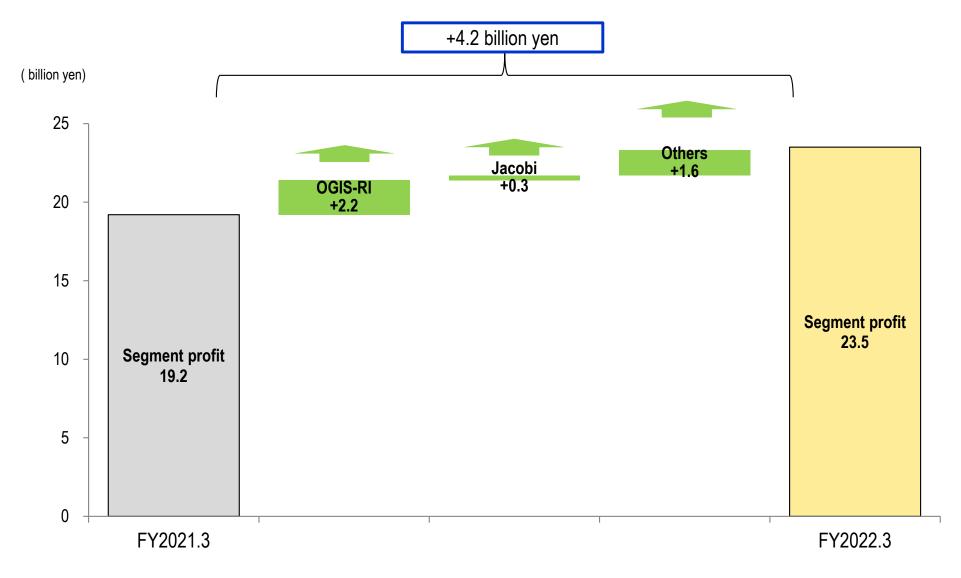
 International Energy segment profit increased by ¥27.4 billion to ¥44.3 billion, mainly due to increased profit from Freeport LNG, Sabine Oil & Gas, and upstream business in Australia resulting from higher crude oil prices, etc.



# FY2022.3 Segment Results 3. Life & Business Solutions



 Life & Business Solutions segment profit increased by ¥4.2 billion to ¥23.5 billion, mainly due to increased scale of development projects for the Group in the information solutions business.



# Comparison between Forecasts (Jan. 31 2022) and Results 1. Net Sales and Profit



billion yen	A. FY22.3	B. FY22.3 forecasts	A-B	(A-B)/B	Remarks
Net sales	1,586.8	1,547.0	+39.8	+2.6%	
Operating Profit	94.9	80.5	+14.4	+17.9%	
Ordinary profit	110.4	95.0	+15.4	+16.3%	
Time-lag effect (Gas and Electricity)* <sup>1</sup>	-62.3	-46.2	-16.1	-	
Ordinary profit excluding time-lag effect	172.7	141.2	+31.5	+22.4%	Increased in residential sales volume in winter, etc.
Profit attributable to owners of parent	128.2	77.5	+50.7	+65.5%	Income taxes - deferred (gain) in OGUSA, etc.
Earnings per share (EPS) (yen)	308.5	186.4	+122.1	+65.5%	
EBITDA*2	216.6	200.0	+16.6	+8.3%	
NOPAT*3	136.5	83.5	+53.0	+63.4%	Affected by income taxes - deferred (gain), etc.

\*1 Included in the Domestic Energy.

\*2 EBITDA = Operating profit + share of profit/loss of entities accounted for using equity method + depreciation (including amortization of goodwill)

\*3 NOPAT = Ordinary profit + Financial expenses (Interest expenses - Interest income) - Income taxes

		A. FY22.3	B. FY22.3 forecasts	A-B	Remarks
Crude oil price	USD/bbl	77.2	76.7	+0.4	A:Average of preliminary monthly data up to March 2022
Exchange rate	JPY/USD	112.4	112.1	+0.3	

# Comparison between Forecasts (Jan. 31 2022) and Results 2. Segment Sales and Profit



billion yen	A. FY22.3	B. FY22.3 forecasts	A-B	(A-B)/B	Remarks
Net Sales <sup>*1</sup>	1,586.8	1,547.0	+39.8	+2.6%	
Domestic Energy	1,336.1	1,296.5	+39.6	+3.1%	Increased in LNG prices, etc.
International Energy	80.7	75.5	+5.2	+7.0%	
Life & Business Solutions	237.0	230.0	+7.0	+3.1%	
Adjustments	-67.0	-55.0	-12.0	-	
Segment profit*1*2	107.7	94.5	+13.2	+14.0%	
Domestic Energy	38.6	30.0	+8.6	+29.0%	Increased in residential sales volume in winter, etc.
Electricity*3	14.0	12.0	+2.0	+17.3%	
International Energy	44.3	45.5	-1.1	-2.6%	
Life & Business Solutions	23.5	19.0	+4.5	+23.8%	
Adjustments	1.2	0.0	+1.2	-	
Profit/Loss on time-lag effect <sup>*4</sup>	-62.3	-46.2	-16.1	-	
(Non-consolidated) Gas business	-44.7	-31.0	-13.7	-	
Electricity business	-17.5	-15.2	-2.3	-	

\*1 From FY22.3, "Domestic Energy / Gas" and "Domestic Energy / Electricity" are integrated into the "Domestic Energy". Osaka Gas International Transport Inc. and its subsidiaries are transferred "Domestic Energy" from "International Energy". Osaka Gas' operating expenses for International Energy business, which was previously included in "Domestic Energy / Gas" are transferred into "International Energy." Results For FY2021.3 this page are calculated with consideration of the reclassification.

\*2 Segment profit = Operating profit(loss) + Share of profit(loss) of entities accounted for using equity method

\*3 It is a simple total of the profit in Osaka Gas Co., Ltd.'s incidental electricity business and profits of its affiliated companies involved in electricity business, which is different from the profit in the Domestic Energy / Electricity, which we used as a segment name before.

\*4 Included in the Domestic Energy.



# **IV. Forecasts for FY2023.3**



# YoY Comparison of Forecasts 1. Net Sales and Profit



Forecast for FY2023.3 remains unchanged from the forecasts in Business Plan announced on March 10, 2022.\*1

billion yen	A. FY23.3 forecasts	B. FY22.3	A-B	(A-B)/B	Remarks
Net sales	1,853.0	1,586.8	+266.1	+16.8%	Increase in the unit selling prices due to the rise in crude oil price, etc.
Operating Profit	106.5	94.9	+11.5	+12.2%	
Ordinary profit	115.0	110.4	+4.5	+4.1%	Increase in profit from the International Energy business, etc.
Time-lag effect (Gas and Electricity) <sup>*2</sup>	3.1	-62.3	+65.4	-	
Ordinary profit excluding time-lag effect	111.9	172.7	-60.8	-35.2%	
Profit attributable to owners of parent	82.0	128.2	-46.2	-36.1%	
Earnings per share (EPS) (yen)	197.2	308.5	-111.3	-36.1%	
EBITDA <sup>*3</sup>	230.0	216.6	+13.3	+6.2%	
NOPAT <sup>*4</sup>	92.8	136.5	-43.7	-32.0%	

\*1 The forecast for FY2023.3 does not reflect the impact of deferred tax assets and income taxes - deferred (gain) in OGUSA at the end of FY2022.3

\*2 Included in non-consolidated gas business and electricity business.

\*3 EBITDA = Operating profit + share of profit/loss of entities accounted for using equity method + depreciation (including amortization of goodwill)

\*4 NOPAT = Ordinary profit + Financial expenses (Interest expenses - Interest income) - Income taxes

		A. FY23.3 forecasts	B. FY22.3	A-B	Remarks
Crude oil price	USD/bbl	95.0	77.2	+17.9	B:Average of preliminary monthly data up to March 2022
Exchange rate	JPY/USD	115.0	112.4	+2.6	

# YoY Comparison of Forecasts 2. Asset, Equity, and Debt



billion yen	A. FY23.3 forecasts	B. FY22.3 year end	A-B	Remarks
Total assets	2,615.7	2,569.8	+45.9	Progress made in the investment for business growth, etc.
Shareholders' equity	1,238.6	1,259.6	-21.0	
Book value per share (BPS) (yen)	2,979.0	3,030.6	-51.6	
Interest-bearing debts	927.3	815.0	+112.2	Increase due to new financing, etc.
Invested capital*1	2,154.6	2,061.7	+92.8	

\*1 Invested capital = Shareholders' equity + Balance of interest-bearing debts (excluding risk-free leased liabilities to us)

	A. FY23.3 forecasts	B. FY22.3	A-B	Remarks
ROIC	4.5%	7.0%	-2.5%	Affected by income taxes - deferred (gain) in FY22.3
ROE	6.8%	11.0%	-4.2%	

	A. FY23.3 forecasts	B. FY22.3 year end	A-B	Remarks
Shareholders' equity ratio	47.4%	49.0%	-1.7%	
After adjustment*2	50.7%	52.4%	-1.7%	
Debt/Equity ratio	0.75	0.65	+0.10	
After adjustment*2	0.63	0.54	+0.09	

\*2 Calculated with 50% of issued hybrid bonds as equity. It does not mean that shareholders will be diluted.

# YoY Comparison of Forecasts

## 3. Cash Flow and Investment



billion yen	A. FY23.3 forecasts	B. FY22.3	A-B	Remarks
Cash flows from operating activities	173.7	145.3	+28.4	
Cash flows from investing activities <sup>*1</sup>	274.0	152.1	+121.8	
Free cash flow <sup>*2</sup>	-100.2	-6.8	-93.4	

\*1 Forecasts are amount of investment.

\*2 Free cash flow = Cash flows from operating activities - Cash flows from investing activities

billio	n yen	A. FY23.3 forecasts	B. FY22.3	A-B	Remarks
Inves	tment for quality improvement*3	74.0	67.9	+6.0	
Inves	tment for growth	200.0	141.3	+58.6	
	Domestic Energy	59.0	52.5	+6.4	
	International Energy	89.0	44.0	+44.9	
	Life & Business Solutions	52.0	44.7	+7.2	
Capit	al expenditures	192.0	189.3	+2.6	
Depre	eciation	110.0	108.9	+1.0	

\*3 Investment in quality improvement of Osaka Gas Co., Ltd. and Osaka Gas Network Co., Ltd. in FY23.3

# YoY Comparison of Forecasts

# 4. Customer Accounts and Sales Volume



Gas sales volume is announced on a domestically consolidated basis, starting from FY23.3

	A. FY23.3 forecasts	B. FY22.3	A-B	(A-B)/B	Remarks
Number of customer accounts (thousands)	10,202	9,812	+390	+4.0%	
Consolidated gas sales volume (million m <sup>3</sup> )	6,834	7,096	-262	-3.7%	
Residential	1,732	1,854	-122	-6.6%	
Non-Residential	5,102	5,242	-140	-2.7%	
Electricity Sales Volume (GWh)	18,201	16,760	+1,441	+8.6%	

	A. FY23.3 forecasts	B. FY22.3	A-B	Remarks
Average temperature (°C)	17.3	17.2	+0.1	

# YoY Comparison of Forecasts

## 5. Segment Sales and Profit



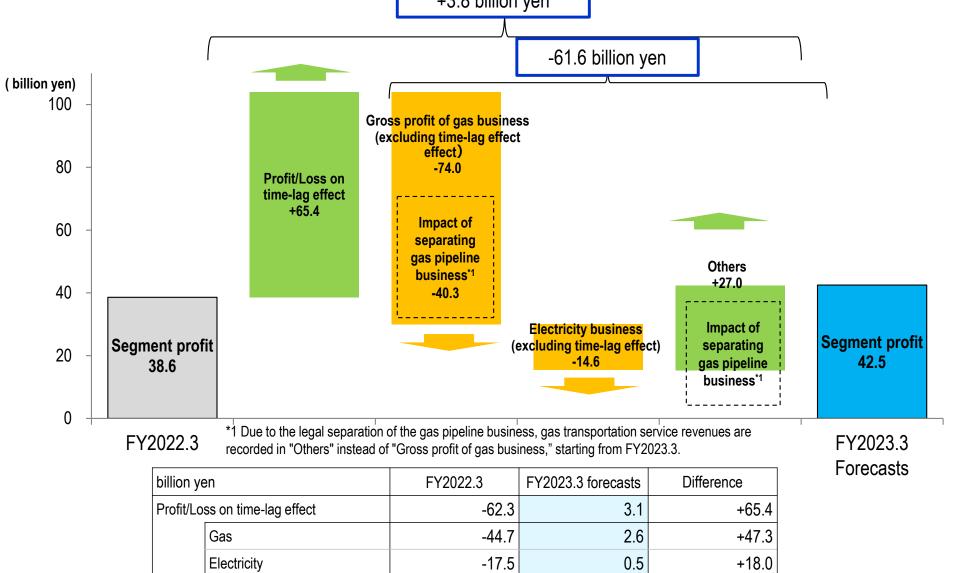
billion yen	A. FY23.3 forecasts	B. FY22.3	A-B	(A-B)/B	Remarks
Net Sales	1,853.0	1,586.8	+266.1	+16.8%	
Domestic Energy	1,580.0	1,336.1	+243.8	+18.3%	Increase in the unit selling prices due to the rise in crude oil price, etc.
International Energy	98.0	80.7	+17.2	+21.3%	Increase in sales from upstream business in North America and Australia, etc.
Life & Business Solutions	250.0	237.0	+12.9	+5.4%	Increase in sales from material solutions business, etc.
Adjustments	-75.0	-67.0	-7.9	-	
Segment profit <sup>*1</sup>	120.0	107.7	+12.2	+11.4%	
Domestic Energy	42.5	38.6	+3.8	+9.8%	
Electricity	17.5	14.0	+3.4	+24.4%	
International Energy	57.0	44.3	+12.6	+28.6%	Increase in profit from upstream business in North America and Australia, etc.
Life & Business Solutions	21.5	23.5	-2.0	-8.6%	
Adjustments	-1.0	1.2	-2.2	-	
Profit/Loss on time-lag effect <sup>*2</sup>	3.1	-62.3	+65.4	-	
(Non-consolidated) Gas business	2.6	-44.7	+47.3	-	
Electricity business	0.5	-17.5	+18.0	-	

\*1 Segment profit = Operating profit(loss) + Share of profit(loss) of entities accounted for using equity method

\*2 Included in the Domestic Energy.

# FY2023.3 Segment Forecasts 1. Domestic Energy (Gas and Electricity)

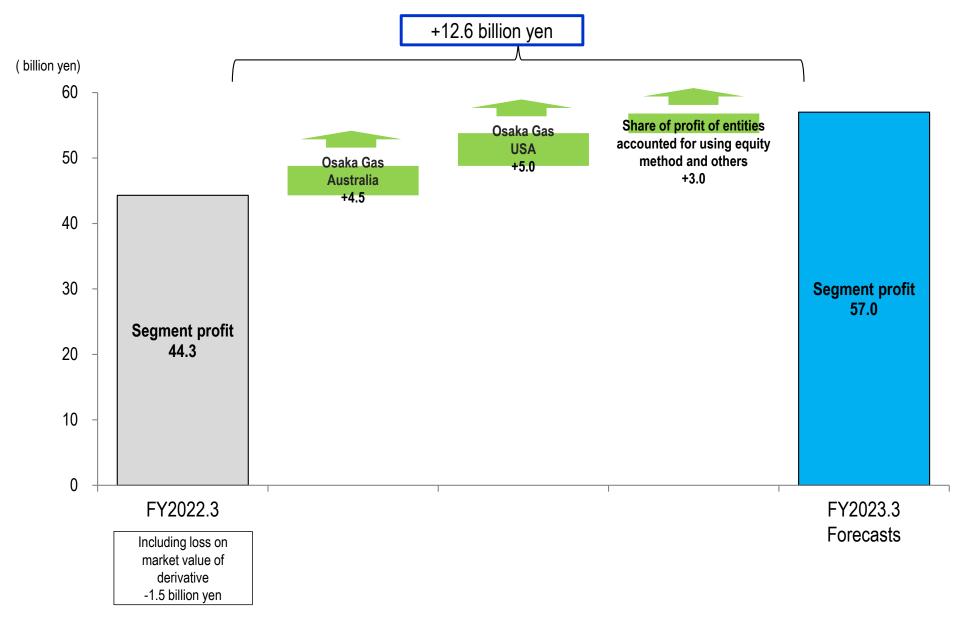
- Daigas
- Domestic Energy segment profit is expected to increase by ¥3.8 billion from the previous year to ¥42.5 billion, partly due to the time-lag effect's significant shift to the positive side from FY22.3 level, despite the absence of temporary profit-increasing factors we had in FY22.3 and the anticipated costs associated with the recent price surge in raw materials and fuels and the tight supply-demand situation.



# FY2023.3 Segment Forecasts 2. International Energy



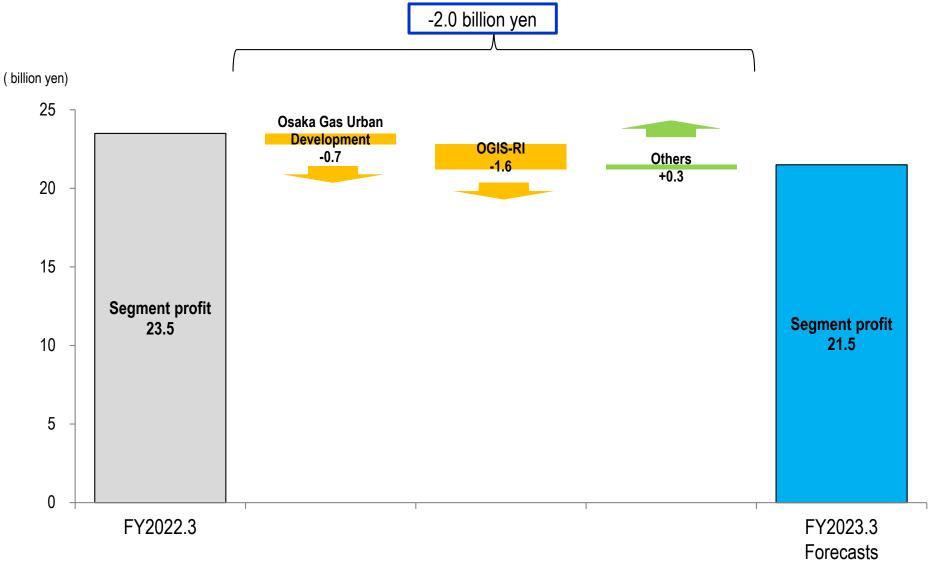
International Energy segment profit is expected to increase by ¥12.6 billion from the previous year to ¥57.0 billion, mainly due to increased profits from Sabine Oil & Gas and Australian upstream business resulting from higher crude oil prices, etc.



# FY2023.3 Segment Forecasts 3. Life & Business Solutions



 Life & Business Solutions segment profit is expected to decrease by ¥2.0 billion from the previous year to ¥21.5 billion due to decreased profit in the information solutions business, etc.



### Atmospheric and water temperatures

Range of fl	uctuation	Impact on residential gas sales volume
Atmospheric and water temperatures	+1 degree Celsius	-7%

• Crude oil price and exchange rate

Range of fluctuation		Segment	Segment Impact	Net impact on consolidated ordinary profit	
Crude oil	Crude oil price +1USD/bbl	International Energy		-0.67 billion yen	
price		Domestic Energy	Negative	In total	
Exchange		International Energy	Positive	-0.66 billion yen	
rate	+1JPY/USD -	Domestic Energy	Negative	In total	

Note: Additional impact from crude oil price fluctuation for the below price bands

Range of fluctuation		Average fuel price (Upper price band)	Impact on consolidated ordinary profit
Electricity business	+1USD/bbl	higher than 40,700 yen/kl*1	-0.1 billion yen
	in crude oil price	102,540 to 136,080 yen/ton	-0.14 billion yen
Gas business		higher than 136,080 yen/ton	-0.46 billion yen

<sup>\*1</sup> Average fuel price\* =  $A \times \alpha + B \times \beta + C \times \gamma$  (\*rounded to the nearest 100 yen) A: Average crude oil price per kl for each average fuel price calculation period, B: Average LNG price per ton for each average fuel price calculation period,

C: Average coal price per ton for each average fuel price calculation period ( $\alpha$ : 0.0140,  $\beta$ : 0.3483,  $\gamma$ : 0.7227;  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ , and  $\gamma$  are calculated by multiplying the crude oil

conversion rate by the heat composition ratio of each fuel type)

# (Reference) Topics in 4th Quarter of FY2022.3



Jan.		Osaka Gas agreed Renewable Electricity Supply fitting RE100 Criteria to 10 Railway Stations in Saga Prefecture owned JR Kyushu Operating Results for the Third Quarter of the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2022 (204th Term)
		Osaka Gas Urban Development to introduce TukTuk, unmanned store service, to the common areas of 13 Urbanex buildings, Osaka Gas Urban Development's rental condominium series, in the Tokyo metropolitan area
	•	Start of Demonstration to Develop a New Service Using EVs - Realization of Multi-Use Service That Can Provide Three Benefits: (1) Reduction of
Feb.		Electricity Charge, (2) Resources for Car Sharing, and (3) Resources for BCP— Conclusion of Partnership Agreement with Toyonaka City to Improve Disaster Resilience and Foster Community Empowerment in the Senri-chuo District
TED.		Osaka Gas Celebrates Commercial Operation of the Brighter Future Solar Project in North Carolina
		Notice of Changes of Directors at Osaka Gas Network Co., Ltd.
		Osaka Gas to Offer New Gas Rate Plans for Household Use
		Osaka Gas to Launch "Sasuga Net" Internet Services - A Wide Variety of Service Plans to Meet the Needs of Individual Customers-
		Osaka Gas to Start Sumai LINK, a Digital Platform Offering One-stop Everyday
	•	Development of an abnormality sign detection system using AI and start of provision of an AI system construction service tailored to the equipment - Early
	_	detection of inexperienced troubles and relearning of AI by customers –(Ube Information Systems, Inc)
		Notice Regarding Issuance of Transition Bonds
		Notice of Changes of Directors and Officers, and Organizational Changes
		Notice of revision of the year end dividend forecast for FY2022 .3 and announcement of the annual dividend forecast for FY202 3 .3 Daigas Group Business Plan for FY2023.3
		Spin-off of the gas pipeline segment approved by the Minister of Economy, Trade and Industry, and the logo of Osaka Gas Network Co., Ltd. Decided
		Notice of Transfer of Shares of OG SPORTS CO., LTD.
		Osaka Gas Singapore to Undertake Joint Methanation Study in Singapore
Mar.		Launch of "Sumai Roof" and "Sumai Roof Plus," Free Solar Power Generation System Installation Services That Contribute to the Realization of a Low-
		Carbon/Carbon-Neutral Society
		Demonstration of Energy Management Using Three Types of Batteries Conclusion of a partnership agreement for energy management demonstration with
		Kobe City toward the realization of a decarbonized city
		Methanation Field Tests Begin at Sewage Treatment Plants: Selected for FY2022 Sewage Application Research by the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure,
		Transport and Tourism
		Osaka Gas to Participate in Small and Medium-Sized Solar Power Plants (82 locations) Developed by Takara Leben Group
		Osaka Gas to Participate in 6 Solar Power Plants Developed by Sky Solar Japan
		Joint Development of High-Efficiency Gas Cogeneration System





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