



# Financial Report for FY2019.3 (April 2018 – March 2019)

# April 2019 Osaka Gas Co., Ltd.

1

Let me introduce myself. My name is Takehiro Honjo and I am Representative Director and President of Osaka Gas.

Thank you for taking the time to join the briefing today on Osaka Gas's business results for FY2019.3.

On behalf of the Company, I would like to express my gratitude for your continued cooperation and understanding in regard to the Company's businesses.

I would like to explain the business results of Osaka Gas for FY2019.3 and the forecasts for FY2020.3.

First of all, prior to explaining the financial results, I would like to explain our activities for FY2019.3.

Please look at page 4.



### **Contents**

I . Review of FY2019.3			Ⅲ. Business Results for FY2019.3 and Forecasts for FY2020.3	
☐ Summary of Review of FY2019.3	-	4	■ Results for FY2019.3 - 18-22	
☐ Initiatives in Domestic Energy Business	-	5-7	☐ Forecasts for FY2020.3 - 23-25	
☐ Initiatives in International Energy Business	-	8	□ Sales-related results for FY2019.3 - 26	
☐ Main Topics in FY2019.3	20	9-10	□ Sales-related forecasts for FY2020.3 - 27	
II. Summary of Business Results for FY2019.3			□ Residential Gas Sales - 28	
and Forecasts for FY2020.3			□ Non-Residential Gas Sales - 29	
☐ Summary of Business Results for FY2019.3	-	12	IV. Facts and Figures	
and Forecasts for FY2020.3			□ Variance for FY2019.3 - 31-34	
☐ YoY Comparison of FY2019.3	-	13	□ Variance for FY2020.3 Forecasts - 35-36	
■ YoY Comparison of FY2020.3 Forecasts	-	14	☐ Risk Factors for Annual Earnings Results - 37	
■ Progress on Medium-term Management	-	15-16	Forecasts	
Plan				
Management information is available on Osaka G				

Financial reports, annual reports and road show materials can be accessed and downloaded at the following URL.

http://www.osakagas.co.jp/ir/index e.html

#### Disclaime

Certain statements contained herein are forward-looking statements, strategies, and plans, which reflect our judgment based on the information so far available. Actual results may differ materially from those discussed in such statements. Among the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially are: economic trends in Japan, sharp fluctuations in exchange rates and crude oil prices, and extraordinary weather conditions.

Note regarding gas sales volume

All gas sales volumes are indicated based on the standard heating value at 45 MJ/m3.

Note regarding consolidated gas sales volume

The fiscal year of Nabari Kintetsu Gas, Toyooka Energy, and Shingu Gas ends on December 31.



I. Review of FY2019.3



### Summary of Review of FY2019.3

• In the fiscal year ended March 2019, progress was being made in the "going beyond" activities listed in a Long-term Management Vision and Medium-term Management plan

#### **Domestic Energy Business**

- Number of customer accounts increased to 8.75 million (compared to +470,000 at the end of March 2018)
- Expansion of products and peripheral services (Cumulative sales of ENE-FARM reached 100,000 units, expansion of menu of Sumikata Plus and IoT services, etc.)
- Expansion of rate plan (providing Style Plan)
- Progress of Broad-area business (Greater Tokyo Area / nationwide)
- Decision-making for participation in multiple renewable energy projects, and establishment of the joint-venture company that procures and sells domestically grown woody biomass

#### <u>International Energy Business</u>

- Progress in profit contribution and accumulation of business know-how
   Expansion of profit contribution>
- Upstream business: Participation in the East Texas Shale Gas Project in production Started production of Ichthys LNG Project
- Mid-downstream business: In the North American IPP business, participating in three projects in operation

(Michigan Power, Kleen Energy, Towantic)

- <Accumulation of business know-how>
- Accumulation of business know-how by dispatching personnel to North American upstream and IPP business

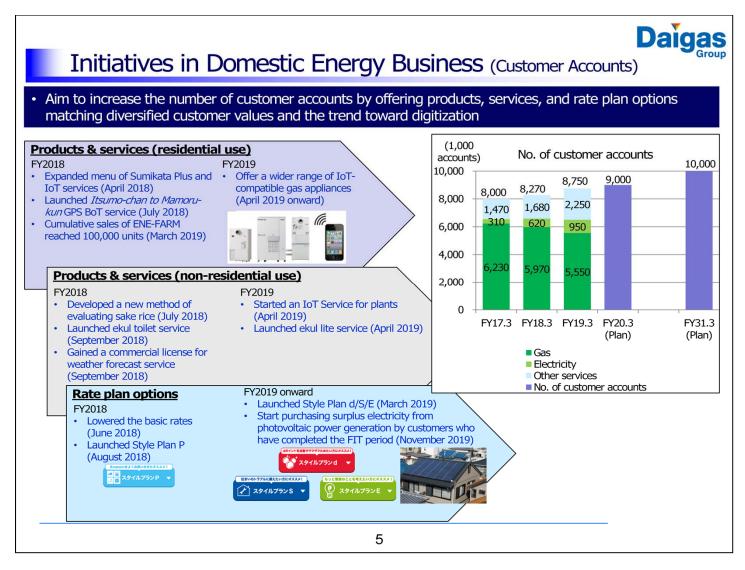
4

This page summarizes our activities for FY2019.3.

In FY2019.3, we expanded customer accounts in the Domestic Energy Business, progress of Broad-area Business and Power Source Development, and evolve Upstream and Middownstream businesses in the International Energy Business, etc.

Progress was being made in the "going beyond" activities listed in a Long-term Management Vision and Medium-term Management plan.

The following pages explain the activities.



First, I would like to explain our activities in the Domestic Energy Business.

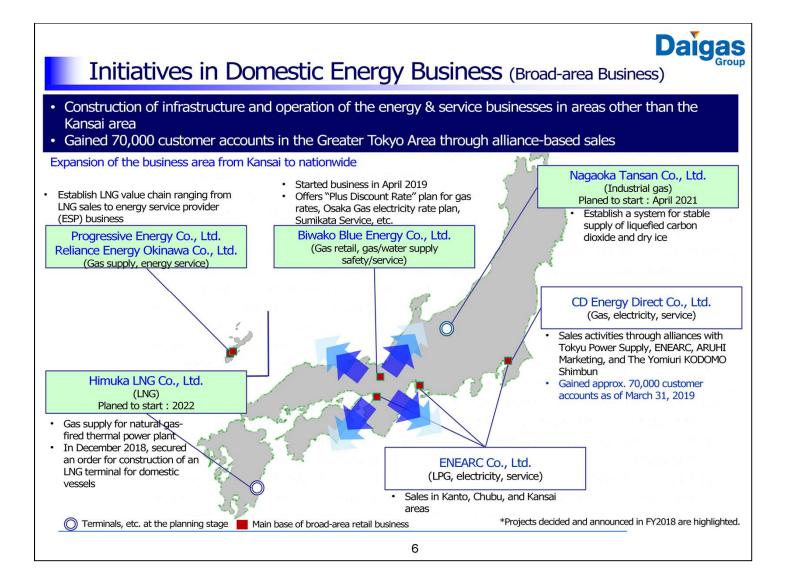
In the Domestic Energy Business, the number of customer accounts had increased from 8.27 million at the end of 2018.3 to 8.75 million at the end of 2019.3 by offering products, services, and rate plan options matching diversified customer values and the trend toward digitization.

In the area of products and services for residential use, we expanded menu of Sumikata Plus and IoT services, such as operation of gas equipment using voice by smart speakers. Over 300,000 customers use Sumikata Plus. We also sold ENE-FARM actively and achieved cumulative sales of 100,000 units.

In the area of non-residential use products and services, we expanded our ICT services, such as the ekul services. In addition, in April we began providing solutions utilizing IoT to improve the productivity of customers' factories.

In terms of rate plan options, we began offering including Style Plan P in partnership with Amazon and Style Plan d in partnership with NTT DOCOMO. We are working to attract new customers by offering electricity rate plan options matching diversified lifestyles of customers. We are also preparing for the purchase of surplus electricity from photovoltaic power generation by customers who have completed the FIT period.

Through these activities, we aim to acquire 9 million customer accounts by the end of 2020.3 and 10 million by the end of 2031.3.



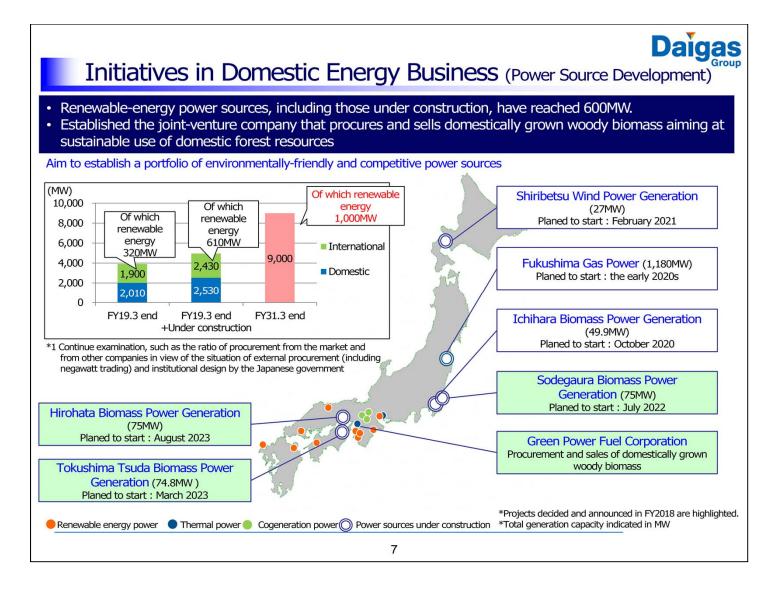
This page shows our activities in the broad-area business.

In FY2019.3, CD Energy Direct began sales activities the Greater Tokyo Area and achieved approximately 70,000 customers as of the end of 2019.3.

In areas other than the Greater Tokyo Area, we are accumulating a track record in the energy and service businesses by steadily cultivating and proposing customers' needs and conducting activities through the Reliance Energy Okinawa.

In 2018.12, we acquired Biwako Blue Energy, which was inherited from Otsu City in 2019.4, and started a gas retail business. This business provides comprehensive energy services, including our electricity, gas appliances, and Sumikata Service, etc.

In addition, we are expanding our business in a Broad-area. For example, we established Nagaoka Tansan in Niigata Prefecture, which operates a liquefied carbon and dry ice business, and Himuka LNG in Nobeoka, Miyazaki Prefecture, which operates LNG terminal business, and invested in Progressive Energy in Okinawa Prefecture, which sales LNG.



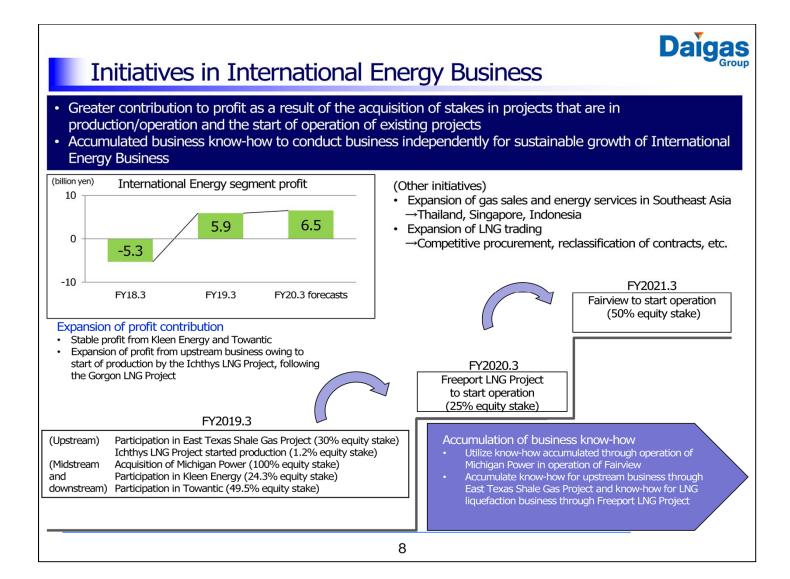
Page 7 describes our activities for developing power sources.

In FY2019.3, we decided to participate in three biomass power generation projects, Sodegaura, Tokushima Tsuda and Hirohata. As a result, we expanded our renewable energy sources to approximately 600,000 kW, including projects under construction. We will continue to aim to owning 1 million kW of renewable energy sources by FY2031.3. To that end, we will also work on offshore wind and geothermal power generation development.

In addition, in order to ensure the stable and inexpensive procurement of domestically grown woody biomass, we established Green Power Fuel in 2019.3. Now the main fuel is imported materials now. We will develop competitive domestic raw material suppliers in anticipation of long-term demand.

As we announced yesterday, we have decided to withdraw from the construction plan for a coal-fired power plant that we had been proceeding in Nishiokinoyama, Ube City, Yamaguchi Prefecture. This is a result of comprehensive consideration based on our investment criteria, in light of the changing business environment of the electric power industry and future risks.

We will continue to strive for achievement of stable, eco-friendly, economically efficient energy supply.



Page 8 summarizes our activities in International Business.

In FY2019.3, we decided to participate in several IPP projects in North America. We also participated in a shale gas project under production. In addition to expanding of profit contribution, we expect to accumulate business know-how of business development and management.

Through these projects, we will accumulate business know-how in upstream to midstream businesses in North America, which will lead to further business expansion.

In addition to North America, we are expanding business development in Southeast Asia, including the establishment of PT Osaka Gas Indonesia, which conducts joint marketing of natural gas with local companies.

In addition, we are steadily promoting activities for existing projects, such as steady operation of Gorgon LNG Project and start of production of Ichthys LNG Project. Furthermore, the start of operations at the Freeport LNG Terminal and the Fairview Power Plant is expected to significantly develop the energy business in North America.



### Main Topics in FY2019.3

Apr.	<ul> <li>Investment in U.Sbased venture fund WiL Fund II, L.P.</li> <li>Acquisition of a natural gas-fired power plant in Michigan, U.S.</li> <li>Investment in The Reliance Energy Okinawa, Incorporated</li> <li>Establishment of CD Energy Direct Co., Ltd.</li> </ul>
May	<ul> <li>Entered into an agreement to provide consulting services on construction of LNG receiving terminal in Taiwan</li> <li>Acquisition of a natural gas-fired power plant in Connecticut, U.S.</li> <li>Development of "gas recovery visualization system"</li> </ul>
June	<ul> <li>Participation in a shale gas project in Texas, U.S.</li> <li>Earthquake occurred in the northern Osaka area, halting gas supply to 110 thousand households</li> <li>Start of energy sales business in the Tokyo Metropolitan area</li> <li>Cut down electricity rates and partially modified rate plans</li> <li>Start of commercial operation of Inami Wind Power Plant</li> </ul>
July	<ul> <li>Decided to commercialize biomass power plant in Sodegaura City, Chiba</li> <li>Supported quality Daiginjo sake brewing by image recognition technology – Fushimi Sake Brewers Association and Osaka Gas jointly developed a new method for the evaluation of sake rice</li> </ul>
Aug.	<ul> <li>Launched a new service "ekul toilet," an IoT service that manages the availability of toilets</li> <li>Commenced a joint proof-of-concept trial with a U.S. startup that offers a VPP platform</li> <li>Established a new electricity rate plan "Style Plan" that caters to customers' lifestyles and individual needs and started accepting registration for the "Style Plan P" service</li> </ul>
Sep.	<ul> <li>Established a liquid carbon dioxide and dry ice production and sales company in Nagaoka City, Niigata</li> <li>Selected for the DJSI World Index for the second consecutive year</li> <li>Established a joint venture responsible for the introduction of natural gas-fired thermal power plant and the supply of natural gas for Asahi Kasei Corp. plants in the Nobeoka Area</li> <li>Commencement of the On-Site Energy Supply Project for Thai Honda Manufacturing Co., Ltd.</li> </ul>

Major topics for FY2019.3 are summarized on pages 9 and 10.

 $\boldsymbol{\ast}$  Press releases were issued in the above indicated months.

Next, we outline our financial results for FY2019.3, and the forecasts for the FY2020.3. Please look at page 12.



# Main Topics in FY2019.3

Oct.	<ul> <li>Consortium consisting of Osaka Gas, JFE Engineering and Waterworks Co., Ltd. was selected as a preferred bidder in Otsu City Gas Specific Operation Project etc.</li> <li>Establishment of PT OSAKA GAS INDONESIA         <ul> <li>Commencement of Natural Gas Joint Marketing Business in Indonesia with Pertamina Group</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Nov.	Construction of "Amagasaki / Kumiyama line (tentative name)"
Dec.	<ul> <li>Conclusion of an implementation agreement concerning Otsu City Gas Specific Operation Project, etc. and transfer of shares of a new company BIWAKO BLUE ENERGY Co., Ltd.</li> <li>Securing of an order for construction of an LNG terminal of Himuka LNG for domestic vessels</li> <li>Osaka Gas USA acquires stake in a natural gas-fired power plant in Connecticut, US</li> </ul>
Jan.	Osaka Gas Lowers Gas Transportation Service Rates     Commencing Kansai's First LNG-fuel to LNG-Fueled Tugboat Ishin
Feb.	<ul> <li>Launch of new electricity service menus, Style Plan d, Style Plan S, and Style Plan E, and the Osaka Gas Electricity Service Thanks Campaign</li> <li>Osaka Gas and the Osaka Municipal Fire Department Conclude an Agreement on Cooperative Educational Activities on Fire Prevention</li> <li>Osaka Gas Lowers Gas Rates</li> <li>Embarking on Biomass Power Generation Business in Tsudakaigan-cho, Tokushima City, Tokushima Prefecture</li> <li>Launch of a New Service Plan for the Simplified Data Measurement Service "ekul" The "ekul lite" Service Plan Utilizing the IoT Network "Sigfox"</li> </ul>
Mar.	<ul> <li>Osaka Gas Starts an IoT Service for Plants</li> <li>Demonstration of Peer to Peer Power Transactions Among Residents in NEXT21</li> <li>Achievement of Accumulated Sales of 100,000 Units of "ENE-FARM" Household Fuel Cell System</li> <li>Establishment of Green Power Fuel Corporation</li> <li>Official Decision to Launch a Biomass Power Plant in Himeji, Hyogo Prefecture</li> <li>Osaka Gas Takes a Stake in Progressive Energy Corporation</li> </ul>



II. Summary of Business Results for FY2019.3 and Forecasts for FY2020.3

# Summary of Business Results for FY2019.3 and Forecasts for FY2020.3



Consolidated net sales	Increased by 5.8 % (¥75.6 billion) to ¥1,371.8 billion due to an increase in the unit price of gas sales and electricity sales volume, etc.
Consolidated ordinary profit	Decreased by 18.1% (¥13.9 billion) to ¥63.1 billion due to the impact of high air and water temperature and the time-lag effect in the Gas Business, in addition to a decrease in ordinary profit in the Electricity Business.  The time-lag effect totaled ¥-13.2 billion (The time-lag effect* in previous year was ¥+0.5 billion).
Consolidated profit**	Decreased by 10.9% (¥4.1 billion) to ¥33.6 billion
, , , , , ,	
rear-on-Year Con	nparison of Forecasts for FY2020.3
ear-on-Year Con Consolidated Net sales	Expect to increase by 3.9% (¥54.1 billion) to ¥1,426.0 billion due to an increase in electricity sales volume, etc.
Consolidated	Expect to increase by 3.9% (¥54.1 billion) to ¥1,426.0 billion due to an increase in

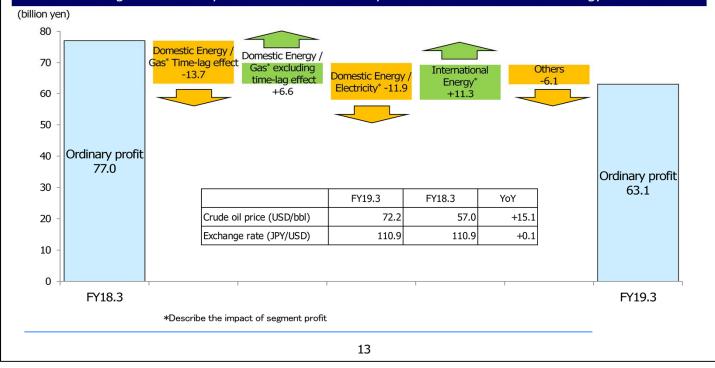
12

The points are briefly summarized on page 12. Detailed explanations are provided on the following pages.



### YoY Comparison of FY2019.3

- Consolidated ordinary profit decreased by ¥13.9 billion year-on-year to ¥63.1 billion. This was primarily
  due to a decrease in sales volume for city gas due to the impact of high air and water temperature and
  the time-lag effect in the Gas Business, in addition to a decrease in ordinary profit in the Electricity
  Business.
- Excluding the time-lag effect, it was about the same level as the previous year. This was mainly due to a decrease in gas business expenses and an increase in profits from the International Energy business.



Page 13 summarizes consolidated ordinary profit for FY2019.3 compared to the previous fiscal year.

Consolidated ordinary profit decreased by ¥13.9 billion from the previous fiscal year to ¥63.1 billion, mainly due to the impact of high air and water temperatures and the time-lag effect in Domestic Energy / Gas Business, and the decrease in profits in Domestic Energy / Electricity Business. On the other hand, excluding the time-lag effect, operating expenses for the gas business decreased, and profit increased in International Energy Business due to the increase in LNG sales for the Gorgon Project. As a result, consolidated ordinary profit remained same level as the previous fiscal year.

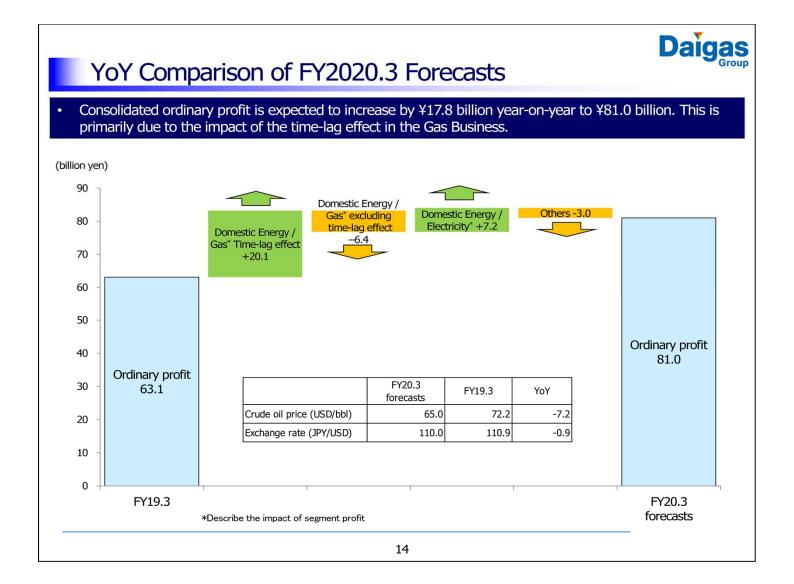
The results were same level as the forecast announced on January 31, 2019.

In Domestic Energy / Gas Business, segment profit decreased due to the impact of the time-lag effect. On the other hand, excluding the impact of the time-lag effect, segment profit increased 6.6 billion yen year on year due to a decrease in gas business expenses, which outweighed the effect of a decrease in gas sales volume caused by high air and water temperature, and competition.

In Domestic Energy / Electricity Business, segment profit decreased by ¥11.9 billion year on year. Despite an increase in electricity sales volume, this was offset by a decrease due to external factors such as the impact of high air temperatures and the time-lag effect caused by the rise in crude oil prices, and due to the impact of price reductions and other competition.

In International Energy Business, segment profit increased ¥11.3 billion year on year, mainly due to an increase in LNG sales of the Gorgon Project and a rebound from a loss

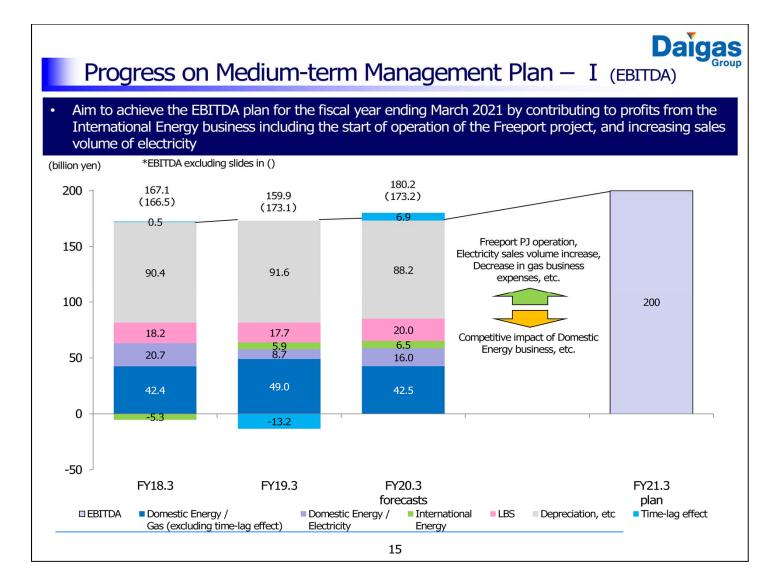
on the sale of IPP project in North America in the previous fiscal year.



Page 14 summarizes the year-on-year comparison of the forecasts for FY2020.3.

For FY2020.3, we forecast a 17.8 billion yen year-on-year increase to 81.0 billion yen due to the impact of the time-lag effect in Domestic Energy / Gas Business.

In Domestic Energy Business, there are the impact of competition in the gas business. However, the decrease in gas business expenses and the increase in sales volume due to the acquisition of electricity retail contracts are expected. As a result, profits are expected to increase in Domestic Energy Business overall, excluding the impact of the time-lag effect.



Page 15 shows progress toward achieving the EBITDA of 200.0 billion yen outlined in the Medium-Term Management Plan.

EBITDA forecast for FY2020.3 is 180.2 billion yen and excluding the impact of the time-lag effect, 173.2 billion yen. From this perspective, we will expand profits through FY2021.3. In particular, earnings are expected to increase significantly in International Energy Business, including the Freeport LNG Project.

In addition, we aim to achieve this goal by acquisition of electricity retail contracts, reducing gas business expenses, and expanding business in the Greater Tokyo Area.

#### Progress on Medium-term Management Plan – I (Investment for Growth) In the fiscal year ended March 2019, we invested ¥ 165.9 billion for growth mainly in the International **Energy business** Approximately 46% progress over investment plan of medium-term management plan The financial soundness indicator maintains a Shareholders' equity / Total assets ratio of around 50% and a D / E ratio of around 0.7 FY20.3 (billion yen) FY19.3 Total FY18.3 end 520.0 end end forecasts 500 Shareholders' 52.7 49.5 46.5 106.0 equity ratio 0.64 D/E ratio 0.50 0.76 400 IPP and Upstream projects in Real estate business, etc. Real estate business, etc. 214.0 300 North America, etc. Total 239.2 IPP projects in Total Power Plant, Biwako 46.2 Total 200 North America, etc. Blue Energy, etc. 180.0 165.9 43.0 28.0 128.6 Total 73.3 100 200.0 87.0 104.9 Power Plant, etc 64.3 50.0 31.4 32.8 FY18.3 FY19.3 FY20.3 FY18.3 - FY19.3 FY18.3 - FY21.3 plan ■ Domestic Energy ■ International Energy ■LBS\*\* \* Amounts of investment include both capital expenditure items and investment-and-loan items, and therefore the amounts of investment are different from actual amounts of capital expenditures. \*\* LBS: Life & Business Solutions 16

Page 16 is an explanation of growth investment.

In FY2019.3, we invested ¥165.9 billion for growth, mainly in International Energy Business. Progress toward achieving the goals of the Medium-Term Management Plan was 46%, making steady progress. For FY2020.3, we plan to invest 180.0 billion yen for growth, an increase from the current fiscal year.

On the other hand, as of the end of 2019.3, Shareholders' equity/ Total assets ratio, which is an indicator of financial soundness, was 49.5% and the debt-to-equity ratio was 0.64, maintaining Shareholders' equity/ Total assets ratio of about 50% and the debt-to-equity ratio of about 0.7 as set forth in the medium-term management plan.

Going forward, we will continue to invest for growth while maintaining a balance with financial soundness.

Let me conclude my explanation.



III. Business Results for FY2019.3 and Forecasts for FY2020.3



# Results for FY2019.3 - I

Figures in ( ) are ratios of consolidated results to non-consolidated results

Consolidated, billion yen	A. FY19.3 results	B. FY18.3 results	А-В	(A-B)/B(%)	Remarks		
Net sales	(1.24) 1,371.8	(1.25) 1,296.2	+75.6	+5.8%	Increased in the unit price of gas sales and the sales volume of electricity, etc.		
Operating profit	(2.43) 67.9	(1.64) 78.1	-10.1	-13.0%	Decreased due to the impact of high air and water temperature and the time-lag effect in the Gas Business,		
Ordinary profit	(1.56) 63.1	(1.32) 77.0	-13.9	-18.1%	and due to a decrease in ordinary profit in the Electricity Business, etc.		
Profit*	(1.34) 33.6	(0.86) 37.7	-4.1	-10.9%	Increased due to a decrease in Income taxes, etc.		
EBITDA**	159.9	167.1	-7.1	-4.3%			
* Profit attributable to owners of parent  ** EBITDA=operating profit (loss) + depreciation + amortization of goodwill(excluding one-time amortization of goodwill) + share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for using equity method							
The time-lag effect	-13.2	0.5	-13.7	-			
Ordinary profit excluding time-lag effect	76.3	76.5	-0.1	-0.2%			
Crude oil price*** USD/bbl	72.2	57.0	+15.1				
Exchange rate JPY/USD	110.9	110.9	+0.1				
Number of subsidiaries	150	138	+12				
*** Average of preliminary monthly data up to March  18							



### Results for FY2019.3 - II

billion yen	Net sales			Seg	ment Profit*		
	A. FY19.3 results	B. FY18.3 results	A-B	A. FY19.3 results	B. FY18.3 results	А-В	Remarks
Domestic Energy / Gas**	1,012.6	976.2	+36.3	35.8	42.9	-7.1	Profit: Decreased due to the impact of high air and water temperatures and the time-lag effect, etc.
Domestic Energy / Electricity	184.3	157.7	+26.5	8.7	20.7	-11.9	Profit: Unit price decline, etc
International Energy	40.4	22.5	+17.9	5.9	-5.3	+11.3	Profit: Increased in sales volume of the Gorgon LNG Project and due to the impact of loss from sales of IPP project in North America from previous year, etc.
Life & Business Solutions**	210.9	201.4	+9.4	17.7	18.2	-0.5	Profit : Almost same level as the previous year
Adjustments	-76.4	-61.8	-14.6	0.8	1.7	-0.8	
Consolidated	1,371.8	1,296.2	+75.6	69.0	78.3	-9.3	

<sup>\*</sup> Segment profit=Operating profit(loss) + Share of profit(loss) of entities accounted for using equity method

<sup>\*\*</sup> Since 1Q of FY19.3, Osaka Gas Engineering Co., Ltd. changed its segment from "Life & Business Solutions" to \*Domestic Energy / Gas".

FY18.3 results are calculated based on the contents after change

19 Including profit/loss on market value of derivative A.FY19.3 -1.9, B.FY18.3 -3.3, A-B +1.3



### Results for FY2019.3 - Ⅲ

Figures in ( ) are ratios of consolidated results to non-consolidated results

Consolidated, billion yen	A. FY19.3 results	B. FY19.3 forecasts	A-B	(A-B)/B(%)	Remarks				
Net sales	(1.24) 1,371.8	(1.24) 1,381.0	-9.1	-0.7%					
Operating profit	(2.43) 67.9	(2.33) 63.0	+4.9	+7.9%	Increased due to the impact of cost				
Ordinary profit	(1.56) 63.1	(1.62) 61.5	+1.6	+2.6%	reduction of gas business, etc.				
Profit*	(1.34) 33.6	(1.13) 30.5	+3.1	+10.2%	Increased due to a decrease in Income taxes, etc.				
EBITDA**	159.9	158.5	+1.4	+0.9%					
	* Profit attributable to owners of parent  ** EBITDA=operating profit (loss) + depreciation + amortizaition of goodwill(excluding one-time amortization of goodwill) + share of profit (loss) of entities  accounted for using equity method								
The time-lag effect	-13.2	-11.7	-1.5	-					
Ordinary profit excluding time-lag effect	76.3	73.2	+3.1	+4.3%					
Crude oil price*** USD/bbl	72.2	72.7	-0.5						
Exchange rate JPY/USD	110.9	110.9	+0.1						

\*\*\* Average of preliminary monthly data up to March



# Results for FY2019.3 - IV

billion yen	Net sales			Seg	ment Profit*		
	A. FY19.3 results	B. FY19.3 forecasts	A-B	A. FY19.3 results	B. FY19.3 forecasts	А-В	Remarks
Domestic Energy / Gas	1,012.6	1,013.2	-0.5	35.8	26.0	+9.8	Profit: Increased due to the impact of cost reduction of gas business, etc.
Domestic Energy / Electricity	184.3	199.3	-14.9	8.7	15.0		Profit: Decreased due to the impact of high air temperature and unit price decline, etc
International Energy	40.4	32.2	+8.2	5.9	4.2	+1.7	Profit: Increased in profit of upstream projects in North America, etc.
Life & Business Solutions	210.9	211.1	-0.1	17.7	18.3	-0.5	Profit : Almost same level as the forecasts
Adjustments	-76.4	-74.8	-1.6	0.8	1.0	-0.1	
Consolidated	1,371.8	1,381.0	-9.1	69.0	64.5	+4.5	

<sup>\*</sup> Segment profit=Operating profit(loss) + Share of profit(loss) of entities accounted for using equity method



# Results for FY2019.3 - V

Consolidated, billion yen	A.FY 19.3 end	B. FY 18.3 end	A-B	Remarks
Total assets*	2,029.7	1,897.2	+132.4	Increased due to purchase of IPP and upstream projects in North America, etc.
Shareholders' equity	1,004.3	999.5	+4.7	
Interest-bearing debts	647.4	503.7	+143.6	Increased due to new borrowing, etc.
Number of employees	20,224	19,997	+227	Increased in Osaka Gas Business Create, etc.
Shareholders' equity / Total assets*	49.5%	52.7%	-3.2%	Increased in interest-bearing debts, etc.
D/E ratio	0.64	0.50	+0.14	_
	A.FY 19.3 results	B. FY18.3 results	А-В	
Capital expenditure	107.2	81.7	+25.5	Increased due to purchase of upstream projects in North America, etc.
Depreciation	99.7	88.7	+11.0	
Free cash flow**	20.9	116.3	-95.4	Increased in the investment for growth, etc.
ROA*	1.7%	2.0%	-0.3%	
ROE	3.4%	3.8%	-0.5%	
EPS (yen/share)	80.8	90.7	-9.9	
BPS (yen/share)	2,415.4	2,403.7	+11.7	

<sup>\*</sup>Calculated by taking "Partial Amendments to Accounting Standard for Tax Effect Accounting" into account

<sup>\*\*</sup> Free cash flow = cash flows from operating activities - capital expenditures for upgrading existing businesses



### Forecasts for FY2020.3 - I

Figures in ( ) are ratios of consolidated results to non-consolidated results

Consolidated, billion yen	A. FY20.3  forecasts  B. FY19.3  results		A-B	(A-B)/B(%)	Remarks		
Net sales	(1.25) 1,426.0	(1.24) 1,371.8	+54.1	+3.9%	Increase in the sales volume of electricity, etc.		
Operating profit	(1.72) 91.0	(2.43) 67.9	+23.0	+33.9%	Increase due to the time-lag effect in		
Ordinary profit	(1.43) 81.0	(1.56) 63.1	+17.8	+28.4%	gas business, etc.		
Profit*	(1.28) 55.0	(1.34) 33.6	+21.3	+63.7%	Increase due to the rebound from one-time amortization of goodwill and loss on disaster, etc.		
EBITDA**	180.2	159.9	+20.2	+12.7%			
* Profit attributable to owners of parent  ** EBITDA=operating profit (loss) + depreciation + amortizaition of goodwill(excluding one-time amortization of goodwill) + share of profit (loss) of entities  accounted for using equity method							
The time-lag effect	6.9	-13.2	+20.1	-			
Ordinary profit excluding time-lag profit	74.0	76.3	-2.2	-3.0%			

\*\*\* Average of preliminary monthly data up to March

JPY/USD

Crude oil price\*\*\* USD/bbl

Exchange rate

23

72.2

110.9

-7.2

-0.9

65.0

110.0



# Forecasts for FY2020.3 - II

billion yen	Net sales			Seg	ment Profit*		
	A. FY20.3 forecasts	B. FY19.3 results	A-B	A. FY20.3 forecasts	B. FY19.3 results	A-B	Remarks
Domestic Energy / Gas	1,015.5	1,012.6	+2.8	49.5	35.8	+13.6	Profit : Increase due to the time-lag effect, etc.
Domestic Energy / Electricity	218.0	184.3	+33.6	16.0	8.7	+7.2	Profit: Increase in the sales volume of electricity, etc.
International Energy	55.5	40.4	+15.0	6.5	5.9	+0.5	Profit : Almost same level as the previous year
Life & Business Solutions	216.0	210.9	+5.0	20.0	17.7	+2.2	Profit: Increase in material business
Adjustments	-79.0	-76.4	-2.5	1.5	0.8	+0.6	
Consolidated	1,426.0	1,371.8	+54.1	93.5	69.0	+24.4	

<sup>\*</sup> Segment profit=Operating profit(loss) + Share of profit(loss) of entities accounted for using equity method



# Forecasts for FY2020.3 - III

Consolidated, billion yen	A.FY 20.3 end forecasts	B. FY 19.3 end	А-В	Remarks
Total assets	2,234.6	2,029.7	+204.8	Increase in the investment for growth, etc.
Shareholders' equity	1,038.6	1,004.3	+34.2	
Interest-bearing debts	792.0	647.4	+144.5	Increase due to new borrowing, etc.
Number of employees	20,788	20,224	+564	Increase in Osaka Gas Information System Research Institute Group, Jacobi Carbons AB, etc.
Shareholders' equity / Total assets	46.5%	49.5%	-3.0%	Increase in interest-bearing debts, etc.
D/E ratio	0.76	0.64	+0.12	
	A.FY 20.3 forecasts	B. FY19.3 results	A-B	
Capital expenditure	145.0	107.2	+37.7	Increase in the investment for growth, etc.
Depreciation	86.6	99.7	-13.0	
Free cash flow*	82.6	20.9	+61.7	Decrease in working capital, etc.
ROA	2.6%	1.7%	+0.8%	
ROE	5.4%	3.4%	+2.0%	
EPS (yen/share)	132.3	80.8	+51.5	
		2,415.4	+82.4	

 $<sup>* \ \, \</sup>text{Free cash flow} = \text{cash flows from operating activities} \, \text{-} \, \text{capital expenditures for upgrading existing businesses}$ 



### Sales-related results for FY2019.3

\* Number of Units for gas supply = number of meters installed - number of meters unused (unoccupied houses, etc.) - number of units for gas supply from other companies

\*\* The difference factors are described on pages 28 and 29 Gas sales volume 45MJ/m<sup>3</sup> FY19.3 A.FY19.3 B.FY18.3 A-B (A-B) forecasts results results /B(%) Number of units for gas supply\* (thousands) 5,553 5,970 -417 -7.0% Installation of new meters (thousands) -6.4% 104 111 -7 Monthly gas sales volume per household (m³/month) 28.7 30.8 -6.9% -2.1Residential\*\* 1,895 1,892 2,160 -268 -12.4% Non-Residential\*\* 5,996 6,010 6,387 -5.9% -377 Non-consolidated gas sales volume (million m³) 7,891 7,901 8,546 -645 -7.5% Consolidated gas sales volume (million m³) 7,924 -7.5% 7,935 8,580 -645 ■ Electricity sales volume (Consolidated) A.FY19.3 FY19.3 B.FY18.3 A-B (A-B) results /B(%) forecasts results Retail 3,457 2,355 +1,102 +46.8% Wholesale, etc. 8,596 -401 -4.7% 8,196 Electricity Sales Volume(GWh) 11,671 10,951 +702 11,653 +6.4% Number of low-voltage electricity supply (thousands) 945 619 +326 +52.6% ■ Customer Accounts (Consolidated) A.FY19.3 FY19.3 B.FY18.3 A-B (A-B) forecasts end end /B(%) +5.7% Number of customer Accounts (thousands) 8,900 8,750 8,270 +470 26



### Sales-related forecasts for FY2020.3

Gas sales volume		* The difference factors	are described on	pages 28 and 29.
45MJ/m <sup>3</sup>	A. FY20.3 forecasts	B. FY19.3 results	A-B	(A-B)/B(%)
Residential*	1,824	1,892	-67	-3.6%
Non-Residential*	5,736	6,010	-274	-4.6%
Non-consolidated gas sales volume (million m3)	7,560	7,901	-341	-4.3%
Consolidated gas sales volume (million m3)	7,599	7,935	-336	-4.2%
Electricity sales volume (Con	solidated) A. FY20.3 forecasts	B. FY19.3 results	A-B	(A-B)/B(%)
Electricity Sales Volume(GWh)	12,148	11,653	+496	+4.3%
Customer Accounts (Consolida	-kd\			
Custoffici Accounts (Consolius	itea)			
customer Accounts (consolida	A. FY20.3 end forecasts	B. FY18.3 end	А-В	(A-B)/B(%)
Number of customer Accounts (thousands)	A. FY20.3 end	B. FY18.3 end 8,750	A-B +260	(A-B)/B(%) +2.9%
Number of customer Accounts	A. FY20.3 end forecasts			



### Residential Gas Sales

#### FY19.3

	YoY change	Remarks
Number of customers	-4.6%	Switching to another company, etc.
Impact of temperature	-6.0%	Average annual temperature: 17.7 degrees Celsius (+0.9 degrees Celsius from the previous year)
Others	-1.8%	High-efficiency of gas appliances, decrease in household size, etc.
Total	-12.4%	



#### FY20.3 forecasts

 Residential gas sales volume is expected to decrease by 67 million m³ (3.6%) from the previous year to 1,824million m³, due to the impact of gas switching and the rebound from high air and water temperatures of the previous fiscal year, etc.

28

The page 18 shows the details of residential gas sales.



### Non-Residential Gas Sales

#### FY19.3

	YoY change	Remarks
	101 Change	Remarks
Demand development	+1.0%	Equipment introduction, fuel conversion, etc.
Impact of temperature	-0.4%	
Capacity utilization of facilities	-0.8%	
Individual factor	-4.7%	Decreased due to switching to another company and decrease in capacity utilization at specific customers, etc.
Others	-1.1%	
Total	-5.9%	



#### FY20.3 forecasts

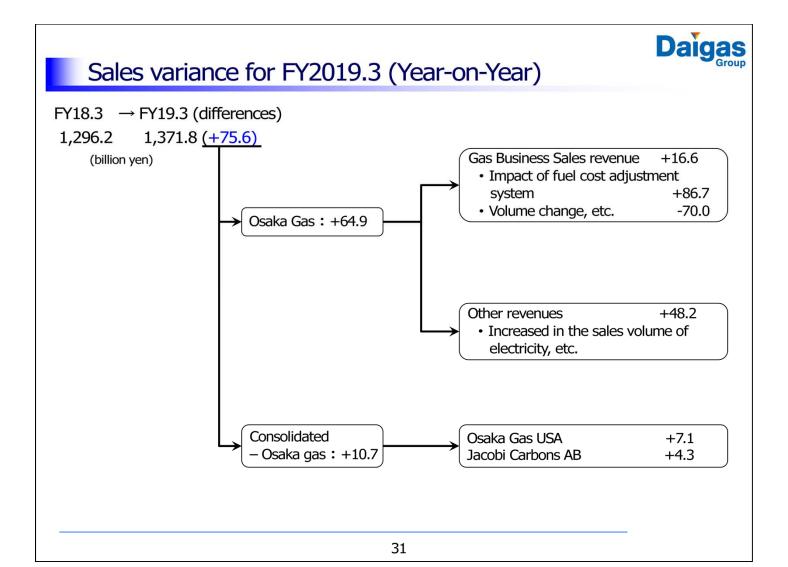
 Non-residential gas sales volume is expected to decrease by 274 million m³ (4.6%) from the previous year to 5,736 million m³, due to the impact of gas switching and certain customers' factor, etc.

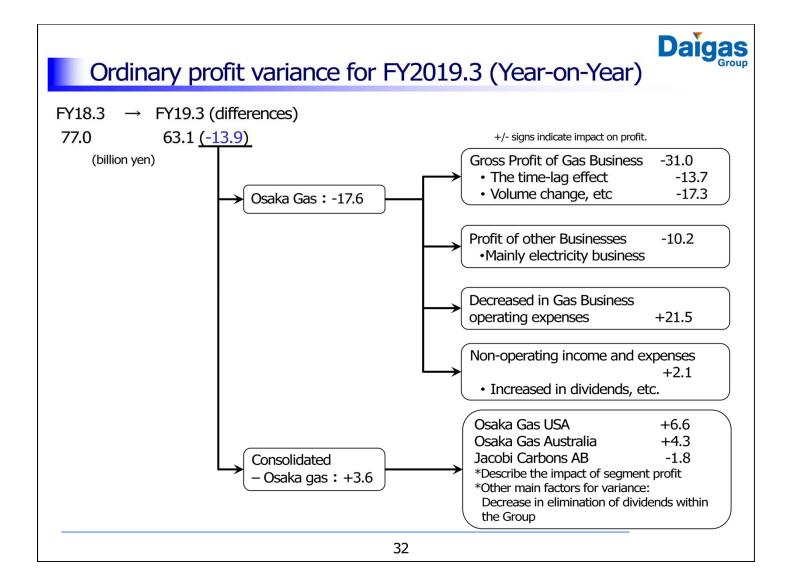
29

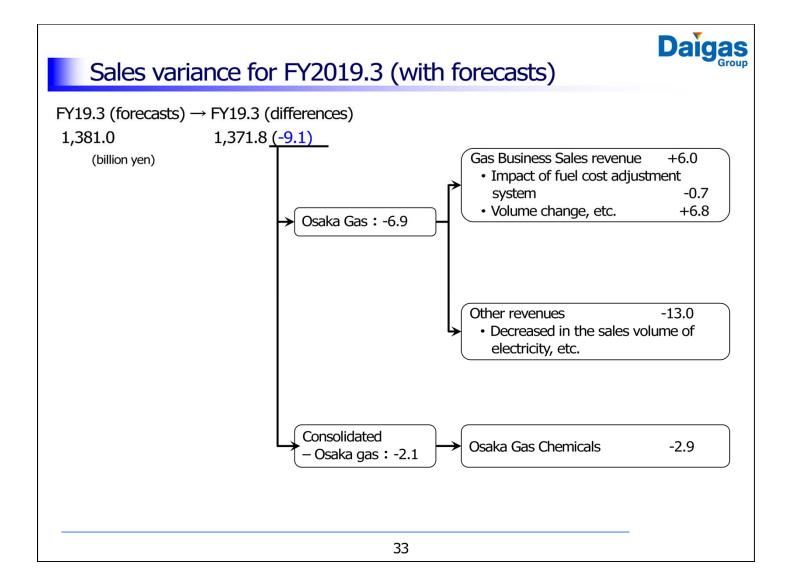
The page 19 shows the details of non-residential gas sales.

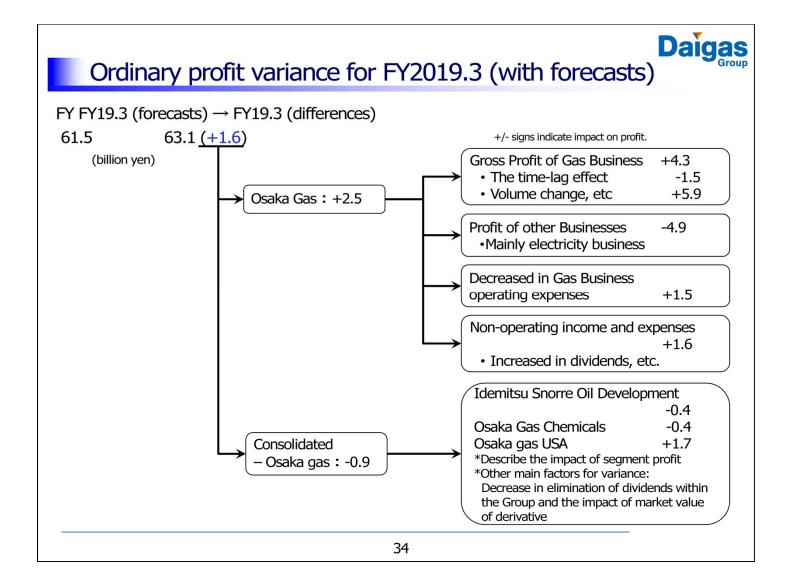


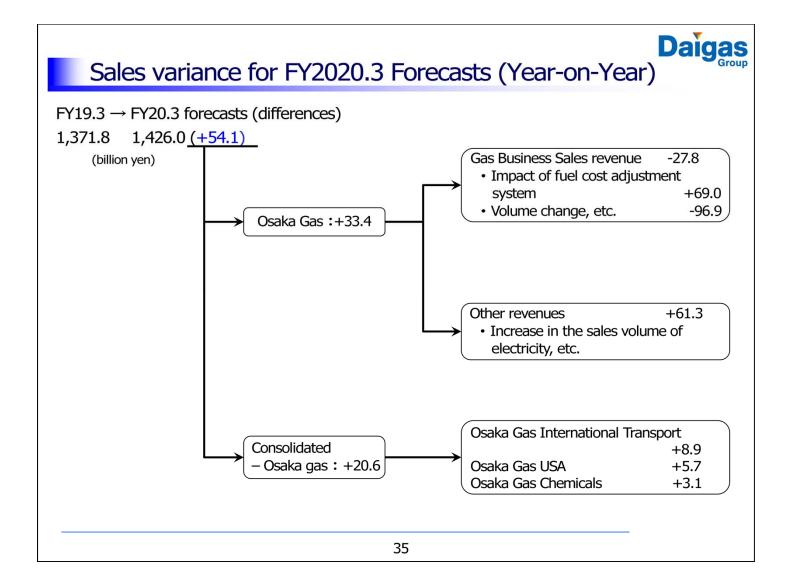
IV. Facts and Figures

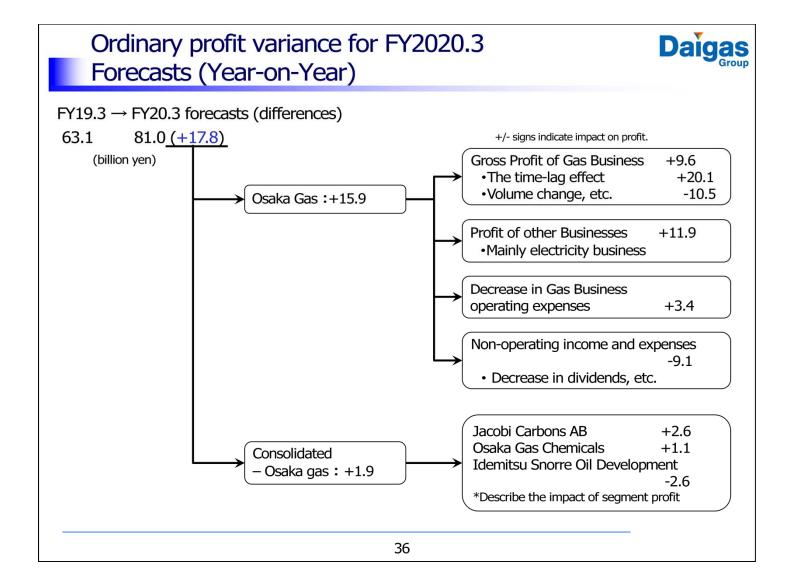














### Risk Factors for Annual Earnings Results Forecasts

#### Atmospheric and water temperatures

 A +1 degree Celsius change in atmospheric and water temperatures will affect the residential gas sales volume: increase/decrease of approx. -7% in spring and autumn, approx. -8% in summer, and approx. -6% in winter

#### Crude oil prices

■ LNG prices are linked to crude oil prices. A +1USD/bbl. change in crude oil prices will have an effect of approx. —0.7billion yen on annual ordinary profit

#### Foreign exchange rate

 LNG prices are affected by fluctuations in the USD/JPY exchange rate. A +1 yen fluctuation in the USD/JPY exchange rate will have an effect of approx. -1.0 billion yen on annual ordinary profit

#### Materials costs

 Although the fuel cost adjustment system allows us to reflect changes in fuel costs in gas rates in the medium- and long-term, an increase in fuel costs is likely to affect the business results due to a time lag in reflecting cost fluctuations, and also depends on the composition of fuel suppliers

#### Interest rate

■ A +1% change in the interest rate will have an effect of approx. +1.9 billion yen on annual consolidated non-operating expenses

