# Consolidated Financial Highlights

		Millions of yen
Net Sales	2015.3	2016.3
Down from the previous year	Financial Data	
due to declines in gas sales unit prices and sales volume.  Operating Income  Up from the previous year due to the increase in gas business profits attributed to the decline in raw materials expenses associated with the decrease in LNG prices.	• Net sales ¥1,528,164	¥1,322,012
	Operating income 105,065	146,674
	Current net income before income taxes 121,428	122,865
	Current net income attributable to owners of the parent 76,709	84,324
	Capital expenditure 119,398	114,418
	Depreciation and amortization 87,785	86,747
	R&D expenses 11,434	11,340
Current Net Income Attributable	→ Total assets 1,862,201	1,829,756
to Owners of the Parent Up from the previous year	Equity 888,496	906,623
as even though losses were	Interest-bearing liabilities 633,923	567,164
recorded in our upstream businesses, gas business	Cash flows from operating activities 156,908	281,819
profits rose.	Cash flows from investing activities (110,704)	(144,198)
Capital Expenditures  Down from the previous year due to reduced investments in international upstream business.	Cash flows from financing activities 22,892	(90,716)
	Number of shares issued and outstanding (thousands) 2,083,400	2,083,400

# **Total Assets**

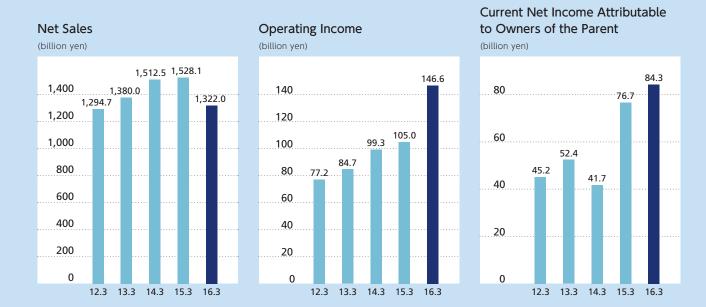
Down from the previous year due to reductions in inventory assets and accounts receivable.

The translation of Japanese yen amounts into U.S. dollar amounts is based on the prevailing exchange rate at March 31, 2016, which was ¥112.68 to U.S.\$1.0.
 Net worth / Total assets = Equity / Total assets (as of the end of the fiscal years ended March 31)

Thousands of U.S. dollars 2016.3

\$11,732,445 1,301,686 1,090,338 748,349 1,015,424 769,852 100,638 16,238,516 8,045,997 5,033,404 2,501,056 (1,279,712)(805,076)

- 3. Debt equity ratio = Interest-bearing liabilities / Equity (as of the end of the fiscal years ended March 31)
- 4. Interest coverage ratio = Cash flows from operating activities / Interest expenses
- 5. Return on assets (ROA) = Net income / Total assets (average) 6. Return on equity (ROE) = Net income / Average equity
- 7. Figures in the financial data are rounded down.



2015.3	2016.3	2016.3
¥36.86	¥40.53	\$0.359
426.98	435.85	3.868
9.50	10.00	0.088
Key Ratios		
47.7%	49.5%	_
0.71	0.63	_
16.6	28.2	_
4.3%	4.6%	_
9.1%	9.4%	_
8,290	8,052	_ •
7,224	7,280	
20,982	20,844	
	¥36.86 426.98 9.50 47.7% 0.71 16.6 4.3% 9.1% 8,290 7,224	¥36.86 ¥40.53 426.98 435.85 9.50 10.00 47.7% 49.5% 0.71 0.63 16.6 28.2 4.3% 4.6% 9.1% 9.4% 8,290 8,052 7,224 7,280

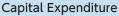
#### Gas Sales Volume

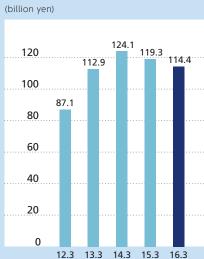
The gas sales volume for residential use was down from the previous year as winter temperatures trended at high levels and demand for hot water and heating declined.

The gas sales volume for commercial, public, and medical use decreased from the previous year due to a downturn in operations at customers' facilities and decreased heating demand. The gas sales volume for industrial use was down from the previous year due to a reduction in operations at customers' facilities.

Credit Ratings (As of March 31, 2016)

	Long-term bond	Domestic commercial paper
R&I	AA+	a-1+
Moody's	Aa3	_
Standard & Poor's	AA-	A-1+





# Return on Equity (ROE) / Return on Assets (ROA) (%)



# Net Worth / Total Assets (%)



### Debt Equity Ratio (times)

